THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE

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CITY ITEMS.

Grand Gala Afternoon At Central Park Ninth Ward!

This (Wednesday) afternoon at 2½ o'clock, two splendid prizes will be awarded to the most graceful and artistic skater.

First Prize—To the most artistic Lady skater, one pair of elegant Silver Goblets.

Second Prize—To the most artistic Gentleman skater, a splendid pair of solid Gold Sleeve buttons, now on exhibition at Stevenson's jewelry store, Market street.

Contestants can enter their names and receive badges up to 2½ o'clock P. M., at the Ticket office of the Park. A portion of the ice will be put in good condition and reserved for the contestants for the prize.

Admission to the Park, 25c.; Season Tickets good. Chinese Lantern Chandeliers at night. Other novelties in preparation which will be announced in due time.

What the Illustrious Abernethy Said.

"Well, sir, what's the matter," said Abernethy, the great English surgeon, to a cadaverous-looking patient, who had called to consult him. "Oh, nothing serious," was the reply, my stomach and liver are out of order, that's all." "Do you call that nothing serious?" said Abernethy; "I tell you, sir, that when these two organs are out of order, as you call it, there's not a square inch of the body that is not more or less diseased, nor a drop of blood in it that is in a healthful condition." Nothing can be more true; therefore it is of the very highest importance to keep the stomach and liver in a vigorous condition. If the one weak and the other irregular in its action, tone and control them with Hostetter's Celebrated Stomach Bitters—the most genial vegetable Restorative and Alternative that has ever been administered as a cure for Dyspepsia and Liver Disease. It is recommended by distinguished surgeons and physicians of the United States Army, by officers of the army and navy, by our first authors, by eminent clergymen—in fact, by thousands of the most intelligent of every class, as an unequalled protective against epidemic and malarious diseases, and as a perfectly innocuous, but at the same time powerful, invigorant and alterative.

Hostetter's Bitters

Are sold wholesale and retail at very low rates at Fleming's Drug and Patent Medicine Depot, No. 64 Market street, corner of the Diamond, near Fourth street.

Fall and Winter Goods.

It is with great pleasure we call the attention of our readers to the subperb stock of Fall and Winter Goods just received by Mr. John Weier, Merchant Tailor, No. 122 Federal street, Allegheny. His stock embraces some of the most beautiful Cloths, Cassimeres, Overcoatings and Vestings ever brought to the western market. His assortment of Furnishing Goods, comprising Shirts, Drawers, Collars Neck Ties, Handkerchiefs, &c., cannot be surpassed east or west. A large stock of ready made Pant Coats, Vests and Overcoats, will also be found at his establishment. Persons in want of any thing in the clothing line should not fail to give Mr. Weier a call.

Skating in a Dental Office.

A young man about fourteen years of age, having been enjoying the sport of skating at the parks, concluded to be relieved of a troublesome tooth, and so on his way home stopped at the office of Dr. Sill, on Penn street, where he took the Nitrous Oxide Gas, and while under the influence continued the pleasure of skating during the time the tooth was being extracted. Who will attempt to say that dental operations cannot be attended with pleasure? The best proof of this fact is that Dr. Sill's office, 246 Penn street, is crowded every day with persons to have teeth extracted under the pleasant process.

The Best Cough Remedy

Known. There is no doubt about the fact that Dr. Keyser's Pectoral Cough Syrup is one of the most remarkable cough medicines now offered to the public. Old cases of lung disease, bronchial, and every variety of lung disease, have yielded to its wonderful powers and we therefore feel no hesitation in recommending our readers who may be afflicted in that way to try it. Sold at 140 Wood street.

Sweet-Lips,

As the pretty name of the princess in the fairy tale, and every lady may be a Princess Sweet-Lips, if she chooses to use the fragrance breathing Sozodont. This rare essence of innumerable aromatic herbs, removes every blemish from the teeth, gives a blush-rose tinge to the gums, and renders the mouth as pure and fresh as an infant.

Thomas W. Parry & Co.,

Practical Slate Roofers, and Dealers in American slate of various colors. Office at Alexander Laughlin's near the Water Works Pittsburgh, Pa. Residence, No. 75 Pike street. Orders promptly attended to. All work warranted water proof. Repairing done at the shortest notice. No charge for repairs, provided the roof is not abused after it is put on.

Carpenter Jobbing Shop.

Having returned after an absence of three years in the army, I have re-opened my shop for all sorts of jobbing in the carpenter line, at the old stand, Virgin Alley, between Smithfield street and Cherry Alley. Orders solicited and promptly attended to.

WILLIAM FORREST.

Dry Goods.

If you need any cotton goods, call and see our stock before you make your purchases. We have a good stock, and will sell some kinds of goods at less than the present New York prices. Remember, we are now on the north-east corner of Fourth and Market streets.

C. HANSON LOVE & BRO.

Great Reduction in Furs,

At Dunlap, Luker & Co's. They have reduced the price of their stock of Furs, and persons wanting a good and cheap set of Furs, would do well to give them a call. Call early and get a bargain, at No. 136, Federal street, Allegheny.

Country Merchants

Will find full lines of prints, bleached and brown sheetings and shirtings, flannels, blankets, ginghams, tickings, canton flannels, barred flannels, pant stuffs, &c., at Barker & Co.'s, 59 Market street, at much less than eastern prices.

Blankets and Flannels.

Good large all wool white Blankets, at $7 50. Barred Flannel at 60 and 62 cents, and all other goods in proportion, at Dunlap, Luker & Co's., No. 136, Federal street, Allegheny.

Dry Goods

At wholesale and retail. Full lines of bleached and brown sheetings and shirtings, prints, &c., at much less than eastern prices, at Barker & Co's., 9 Market street.

Central Park,

Ninth Ward, flooded last night. New ice this day and evening. Chinese Lantern Chandeliers this evening, etc., etc. Look out for the prizes for Artistic Skaters.

The Great

Final sale of dry goods at Barker & Co.'s, 59 Market street. Remember, the greatest bargains ever offered in the city are being sold Here.

Sewing Machines.

Used but a short time, offered at a discount and warranted, by W. Sumner & Co., 27 Fifth street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Central Park,

Ninth Ward, flooded last night. New ice this day and evening. Chinese Lantern Chandeliers this evening, etc., etc. Look out for the prizes for Artistic Skaters.

French Merinoes.

And other Dress Goods, cheaper than you can buy them in New York, on the northeast corner Fourth and Market streets, to close them out. C. HANSON LOVE & BRO.

For Pure Liquors

For medicinal purposes of all descriptions—the best in the city—go to Fleming's Drug Store, No. 84 Market street. Remember the place.

For the Largest

And most complete assortment of Patent Medicines in the city, at the lowest rates, go to Fleming's Drug Store, No. 84 Market street. Remember the place.

For Toilet Soaps

Of all kinds—the greatest assortment at lowest prices—go to Fleming's Drug Store, No. 84 Market street. Remember the place.

Blankets and Flannels,

White and colored, at very low prices, on the northeast corner of Fourth and Market streets.

C. HANSON LOVE & BRO

M'Bride's King of Pain,

The genuine article, sold at wholesale lower at Fleming's Drug Store than elsewhere in the City. Remember the place.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

VOLUME LXXX.---NO. 8. PITTSBURGH, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 10, 1866. PRICE THREE CENTS.

CITY ITEMS.

Dry Goods

At the final closing out sale. Great bargains are being offered. The entire stock is offered without reservation, at Barker & Co.'s, 59 Market street.

The Great

Closing out sale of dry goods at Barker & Co.'s 59 Market street.

Skates! Skates!! Skates!!!

All varieties, at James Brown's, No. 134 Wood street.

Sawyer's Barbers Soap

Is nice—try it. Only thirty cents a cake.

BY LAST NIGHT'S MAILS.

On Friday last Governor Brownlow was riding from Knoxville toward Nashville in a train of cars. About twenty miles from Knoxville the car containing the Governor was separated from the train and thrown off the track. The Governor had his left foot and ankle bruised, but was not otherwise injured. Several of the party in the car were slightly hurt. Some malignant rebel is supposed to have tampered with the screws and fastenings of the car. The Governor is in the city in better health than during the summer.

FATHER HOGAN, a Catholic priest of St. Louis, formerly of Chillicothe, who fled the reputation of having furnished information of guerrilla movements repeatedly to our officers during the war, and is known as an unconditionally loyal man, has refused, by order of the Archbishop, to take the oath under the new Constitution, and has been indicted. He was arrested on Friday. Rev. D. Vinelet, of the Southern Methodist church in Chillicothe, was indicted at the same time, but is absent from the county.

THE remainder of the 77th Pennsylvania Regiment were expected at Cincinnati yesterday morning on the steamer Emerald, Ireland-ward bound from Texas. They have been on the road ever since Dec. 1. There are but three regiments of the 4th Corps left in Texas. The Pennsylvania boys have suffered severely from the cold weather, and they ought to have some hot coffee, and something good to eat on arriving.

THE loss by the burning of the Phœnix Foundry in New Albany, Indiana, on Saturday, is estimated by the *Ledger* of that city, at over $50,000. The fire caught from a defective flue. The patterns, valued at $25,000 and insured for $5,000, were owned by the New Albany Insurance Company. The building was recently owned by Mr. Thomas Phillips of Cincinnati, but had been sold within a few days to the Jeffersonville Railroad Company.

THE Minnesota Legislature met Monday morning. Governor Miller delivered his farewell message, and Governor Marshall was inaugurated. The latter says Minnesota will not consent to the pardon of the late rebel States, nor to the admission of their members to Congress, until they shall secure the Government against a repetition of secession, and shall provide for the security and freedom of all men under the law.

THE great iron works of Call & Co., on the Quai de Billy, Paris, France, were totally destroyed by fire on Saturday, December 16. The total loss is estimated at a million of dollars, and four thousand workmen have been thrown out of employment.

A DANGEROUS forgery on Matson & Hoes, jewelers, has come to light at Chicago. Some shrewd operator procured impressions from an original lithograph plate of checks used by the firm, filled them out, and is now circulating them. One for $1.50 was passed on a Cleveland banker, another for $20 on a Utica, N. Y. Bank. Bankers will do well to make a note of this.

THE Cleveland *Herald* has further reports of the destructive fire at Galion, on Thursday night. There were twelve locomotives destroyed. The loss of the Cleveland, Columbus & Cincinnati Railroad Company will not be as heavy as at first supposed, as four or five of the engines were not damaged to the extent at first reported.

AT the close of the week in Chicago several disastrous fires have occurred, involving the loss of property in the aggregate to nearly $800,000. The buildings destroyed are mostly frame houses, the first floors being used for stores, and the upper stories for the occupation of families.

THE Erie and Pittsburgh Railroad held a meeting Monday forenoon for the choice of officers for the ensuing year. The Board elected stands as follows: President, William L. Scott; Directors, John F. Tracy, Miles Courtwright, James Pierce, John P. Vincent, John Hearn, John H. Walker.

THE Directors of the Oil Creek Road met on Monday, for the choice of clerks and other officers for the ensuing year. The election resulted in the choice of S. W. Steward, Esq., of Corry, for President, and Harry Switzer, superintendent.

NEWS under date of Jan. 5th, respecting the ill section on the Great Western Railway, states that the whole of Emiskillen is now accepted as genuine oil territory. Capitalists are about to test the district—being well satisfied with indications—and some ten or twelve engines are on their way to that point.

A MAN named Joe Woods was on Sunday arrested by the police of East St. Louis, upon whom was found some $20,000 in counterfeit greenbacks. The money was apparently printed upon the original plates, as none but the best judges of the genuine could detect its falsity. Woods will be turned over to the United States authorities.

THE Indiana Democratic Committee met on Monday at Indianapolis, and called a State Convention to meet on the 22d of March. No party change of front was portended.

A TERRIFIC explosion of gas occurred in a fruit house in Covington on Monday. The loss will reach $40,000.

Kansas Legislature--Governor's Message.

LAWRENCE, KANSAS, January 8.—The Kansas Legislature met to-day. In Governor Crawford's message recommends the removal of the various Indian tribes from the State to the Indian Territory, and that patents be issued to those having settled upon homes, thereby enabling them to dispose of their lands if they desire, and to move with others, and if not that their land may be held subject to taxation like that of other settlers.

The establishment of a Bureau of Immigration and Organization in the new counties west of the fifteenth meridian is recommended, and the Legislature is urged to extend the surveys to that point at the earliest possible time. The policy of selling the above mentioned lands is advised, urging that the present immigration is above all entitled to the benefit of these lands. The Governor also urges the importance of sustaining the Federal administration in every good and laudable effort to preserve the nation's dignity, and maintain its honor.

Informal Meeting of the House of Representatives.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—An informal meeting of the members of the House of Representatives, was held in the Hall yesterday afternoon immediately after the adjournment, Mr. Morrill, of Vermont, in the Chair, and Mr. Green Clay Smith Secretary.

On motion of Mr. Thaddeus Stevens, a Committee of five was appointed to prepare resolutions expressing the sorrow of the members, relative to the death of Henry Winter Davis. The Chair appointed Messrs. Stevens, of Pennsylvania, James A. Garfield, of Ohio, Henry T. Blow, of Missouri, Fernando Wood, of New York, and Jno. L. Dawson, of Pennsylvania. The meeting adjourned to convene again on Monday next, immediately after the adjournment of the House.

From Georgia—Negroes in the Chain Gang—Census of Freedmen.

NEW YORK, January 9.—The steamer Hunter from Savannah on the 4th has arrived.

The Savannah *Herald* states that Judge Harden has been appointed by the President and has resumed business there.

The Savannah canal has been repaired.

Vagrant convict negroes are put into the chain gang and made to clean the streets.

Several saw and planing mills are being erected in the vicinity of Savannah.

The agent of the Freedmen's Bureau at Macon is taking the census of negroes and sending the unemployed to sections where their labor is needed.

Orders have been received at Savannah to proceed with the trial of Gen. Mercer.

New York Stock and Money Market.

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—Money steady, at 6 per cent. Sterling dull and declining, at 109½@109. Gold irregular and unsettled—opening at 138, declining to 137¾, and closing at 138¾. Governments heavy and 1-64 per cent. lower. Freights dull and drooping.

Specie shipped by mail this week; U. S. Sixes of 1881 registered, 104½; U. S. Sixes of 1881 Coupons, 105¾; U. S. Sixes of Five Twenty Coupons of 1864, 101½; U. S. Sixes of Five Twenty Coupons of 1865, 101½; Seven Thirties, 1st series, 98; Seven Thirties, 3d series, 98; Ohio and Mississippi Certificates, 26½; New York Central, 95; Erie, 86¾; Hudson River, 106; Illinois Central, 126¾; Chicago and Rock Island, 113; Cleveland and Pittsburgh, 79½; North Western, 32¾; North Western preferred, 58¾; Rock Island, 106½; Fort Wayne, 98¾.

Col. Sweeny Dishonorably Dismissed from the Regular Army.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE.—General Order No. 659.—By direction of the President, Maj. Thomas W. Sweeny, 16th United States Infantry, and Brevet Colonel in the United States Army, is hereby dismissed the service of the United States, for absence without leave.

By order of the Secretary of War,
(Signed.) E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant General.

Meeting of Colored Capitalists—The Chess Tournament.

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—The American Foreign Joint Stock Company, as association of colored capitalists, held its annual meeting last night at Hope Chapel. The attendance was large. The audience, consisted of both white and colored persons. Rev. Sella Martin delivered the annual address.

At the chess tournament yesterday, Captain McKenzie won the first game in the first class, after a spirited contest of three and a half hours duration. His opponent was Mr. Stanley.

State of the Weather.

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—Telegrams give the state of the weather this morning at various places as follows: Cincinnati, 16 degrees above zero; Halifax, 6; Portland, Maine, 14; Boston, 9; Philadelphia, 8; Springfield, 9; Washington, 23; in New York City, at 9 A. M., it was 10 degrees above zero.

Prize Fighter's Benefit.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—Last evening, the friends and supporters of James Kerrigan, who is expected to fight Morris Phelon, in the ring, on the 16th inst., for one thousand dollars, gave him a benefit at 122 Bowery, which was unmercifully attended.

VERY LATEST NEWS

BY TELEGRAPH.

Our Special Dispatches

NEW POLITICAL PARTIES.

Mr. Forbees Supports the President.

MUSTER OUT ORDER REVOKED.

Rebel Incendiaries in Virginia.

INTERNAL REVENUE RECEIPTS.

Twenty-nine Reconstruction Speeches.

ORDER MUSTERING OUT GENERALS OF VOLUNTEERS.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

WASHINGTON, January 9, 1866.

NEW POLITICAL PARTY MOVEMENT.

The movement for the organization of a new party, of which certain newspapers have been prophesying, was made in the House today by Mr. D. W. Voorhees, of Indiana, who introduced a resolution indorsing the President's policy, and making one of his old-fashioned speeches against it.

Jno. A. Bingham replied with telling effect One sentence evoked uncontrollable applause both on the floor and in the gallery; that in which he said that if the collision should come between the Unionists and the President which the gentleman seemed to anticipate, and the President should be left with no supporters save such men as met with Mr. Voorhees at Chicago to pronounce the war a failure, then all he had to say was, God help the President and save the Republic. Nearly the full Union strength voted to refer the resolution to the Reconstruction Committee.

MUSTER OUT ORDER REVOKED.

The order recently issued ordering the mustering out of the troops on duty in Virginia, was to-day revoked by the Secretary of War Similar orders, it is understood, will be issued in regard to troops in the other Southern States.

THE COMMISSARY GENERAL OF SUBSISTENCE

Is having prepared a statement showing the quantity and price of every article purchased by the Subsistence Department, from the beginning to the end of the rebellion.

AMENDMENTS OF REVENUE LAWS.

Collector Grannis, of Cleveland, is among the custom officers now here in consultation with the Commissioner of Customs, relative to the proposed amendments to the Revenue Law for the prevention of smuggling on the Northern frontier. The collectors hold another consultation with Mr. Sargent to-day

SURGEON GENERAL WOODS.

Brevet Brigadier General R. C. Woods, late Assistant Surgeon General at Louisville, Kentucky, has been assigned to duty at Fort Adams, Newport, Rhode Island.

FREEDMEN'S SCHOOLS.

A report received at the Freedmen's Bureau to-day shows that in Missouri there are in operation nineteen colored schools, with twenty-three teachers and thirteen hundred and forty-nine scholars. In Arkansas there are thirteen schools, with seventeen teachers and fourteen hundred and seventy-eight scholars.

REVENUE DECISION.

The Secretary of the Treasury has decided that canal boats duly enrolled and licensed, on which tonnage has been paid, are not liable to the Internal Revenue tax.

REBEL INCENDIARIES.

An attempt was made, a few days ago, by the reconstructed rebels, in Fayquier county, to burn down the residence of Mrs. Dixon, widow of Paymaster Dixon, of our army, who was recently shot, and killed, in the streets of Alexandria, by a returned rebel officer. An anonymous note was sent to Mrs. Dixon, warning her that if she persisted in remaining in the county, her house would be burned over her head, and she and her children are now in Washington, exiles from their home.

THE RECEIPTS FROM INTERNAL REVENUE.

To-day, were seven hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars. The receipts, from July 1st up till date are one hundred and eighty-seven millions five hundred thousand dollars. The Commissioner is confident that the receipts will reach three hundred millions for the fiscal year. The distilleries are beginning to be heard from.

RECONSTRUCTION SPEECHES.

Twenty-nine names are now on the Speaker's list for speeches on reconstruction in Committee of the Whole, and three or four are added for every one that has yet come off. Col. Deming, of Connecticut, has the floor for to-morrow. He will take strong ground in favor of Congressional power in the premises, and will heartily unite with the President in demanding irreversible guarantees for the freedmen.

GENERALS MUSTERED OUT.

WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJ'T GEN'LS OFFICE, WASHINGTON, December 28th, 1865.

[*General Orders No. 17.*]

1. The following Major Generals and Brigadier Generals of volunteers are hereby honorably mustered out of the service of the United States, to date from January 15, except those serving in the State of Texas, whose muster-out will date from February 1st, 1866.

Major Generals David Hunter, William S. Rosecrans, John G. Parke, Gordon Granger, George Sykes, David S. Stanley, Alfred Pleasanton, Andrew J. Smith, Grenville M. Dodge, John Gibbon, Peter J. Osterhaus, Jos. A. Mower, George Crook, Godfrey Weitzell, Wm. B. Hazen, Wesley Merritt, Charles Griffin, George A. Custer, Wm. H. Emory, Robt. B. Potter, Giles A. Smith.

Brevet Major-Generals, Orlando. B. Wilcox, Henry W. Benham, William F. Barry, John G. Bernard, James N. Palmer, John P. Hatch, Richard W. Johnson, Zealous B. Tower, John W. Davidson, Eugene A. Carr, Rufus Saxton, Charles Devens, Samuel W. Crawford, John W. Geary, John C. Caldwell, Samuel P. Carter, Washington Elliot, A. P. Howe, Benjamin S. Roberts, August Willich, John H. King Robert A. Tyler, Otto Torbet, Michael K. Lawler, James Barnes, Samuel Beatty, Hugh Ewing, Henry H. Sibley, Joseph J. Bartlett, John P. Hawkins, Benjamin H. Griersen, Alexander S. Webb, John B. Sandorn, Thomas K. Smith, Manning F. Force. Augustus L. Chilron, Phillip E. De Trobriand, Christopher C. Andrews, Edward M. McCook, Edward Hatch, August V. Kautz, John F. Hartranft, Samuel S. Carroll. Charles J. Paine, Joseph A. Cooper, Charles C. Walcutt, Eli Long, Thomas W. Egan, Joseph R. Hawley, Thomas C. Devin, Alfred Gibbs, Ronald S. Mackenzie, Thomas J. Lucas, Cyrus Hamlin, N. M. Curtis, Richard H. Jackson, William Wells.

Brigadier Generals Alpheus S. Williams, Jno Newton Albinschorpf, Robert B. Mitchell, Henry W. Wessells, William Hays, Israel Vogdtz, Lewis C. Hunt, Wm. Dwight, John D. Stevenson, Thomas C. H. Smith, Charles L. Campbell, Edward A. Wild, Gustavus A. Derussy, Wm. D. Whipple, Jasper A. Maltby, Seldin Conner, Martin D. Hardin, James D. Fessenden, Isaac H. Durall; John. Edwards, James R. Slacke George L. Beal, Henry George Thomas-Benjamin N. Patts, Charles J. Stalbrand, L. C. Baker, James S. Brisbin, Joseph H. Potter, James M. Warner, Oliver Edwards, Joseph E. Haublin, James W. Forsyth, Charles H. Morgan, William T. Clark, William B. Woods, Robert F. Patterson, Americus V. Rice, Wm. H. Penrose, Francis T. Sherman, William Gamble, C. H. Vourich, William B. Tibbitts, Morgan H. Christier.

2. Leave of absence for thirty days from date of muster is hereby granted to all officers of the regular army going out of the volunteer service under this order at the expiration of which time they will report for duty with their proper regiments or to their chief of corps of the Department.

3. All officers belonging to the personal staff of the general officers above named, will immediately return to their appropriate duties, if belonging to the Regular Army or Volunteer forces still retained in the service; all others will be honorably discharged, to date from the time of muster out of the officers with whom they may be serving.

4. Generals commanding military divisions will report without delay to the Adjutant General of the army, the names of all General officers of their commands not included in the above order, whose service can be dispensed without detriment to the service.

By order of the President of the United States,

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjt Gen'l.

INTERESTING FROM WASHINGTON.

Fractional Currency Nearly Ready.

THE IMPORTATION OF CATTLE FROM EUROPE

Smuggling on the Frontier.

CONTESTED ELECTION CASE.

The Notorious Criminal Kahnstamm.

AMOUNT OF PRIZE MONEY PAID.

NEW YORK, January 8.—The *Times'* Washington special says: Half a million of dollars of the 50 cent fractional currency will be ready for distribution next week.

The funeral of General Hickey took place yesterday.

Owing to the absence of one of the Judges yesterday the trial of Gen. Baker was postponed till to-morrow.

The *Tribune's* Washington special says: The Secretary of the Treasury is continually in receipt of communications from purchasers of European cattle asking for permission to import them to this country, but he invariably refuses. Such permission would be in direct violation of the law.

A large number of United States Revenue officers met at the office of the Commissioner of Customs at Washington yesterday, to deliberate as to the best method of preventing smuggling on the frontier. A large number of collectors from the Canada frontier were present.

The United States Consul at Havre, under date of December 18th, informs the Department of State that there have been but eight cases of cholera in that city.

Elijah F. Purdy, of this city, died last night at 12 o'clock.

The *World's* Washington dispatch says: Jas. D. Merkle, who assaulted general Sol. Meredith at that city, on the 17th of last August, was convicted of assault and battery in the criminal court of that city yesterday.

The *Tribune's* Washington dispatch says: The evidence submitted before the Committee on Contested Elections, in the Dodge Brooks case, has been sent to the printer, and will soon be in the hands of the members.

The Secretary of the Interior has caused a list of the clerks of his Department to be made out with a view to equalize the distribution of clerks among the Congressional districts of the various States.

The Treasury Department is preparing plates for a new issue of fractional currency, to be issued in March next. The style of design will be entirely original, and the notes will be nearly oval in form.

The *Times'* Washington dispatch says efforts are being made below for the pardon of Solomon Kohnstamm, the notorious criminal who was sentenced by Judge Nelson, to ten years imprisonment in Sing Sing. Kohnstamm was indicted under two indictments by the Grand Jury, and convicted on the first, and only one tried. A civil suit is now pending against Kohnstamm to recover the sum of a quarter of million of dollars, that it is alleged he obtained from the government by fraud.

From their known complicity with this criminal, two of Washington's prominent suicide, viz: Capt. Ellwood, who cut his throat, and Capt. T. S. Larned, who, after making a written confession of his guilt, drowned himself in the Potomac, the Treasury Department reported adversely upon Kohnstamm's application for pardon.

The *Herald's* Washington special states that Provost Marshal Generals stationed in Texas, corroborates recent accounts of a desire of the inhabitants that soldiers now being mustered out of service take up their residence among them, the climate and the fertility of the State as quiet and orderly as before the war, and general good feeling exists between the soldiers and inhabitants.

The *Herald's* Washington special says that during the rebellion, our Government has paid $650,000 prize money. The business in this branch of the Auditor's office has been kept up so promptly that now prizes are paid within a week after the presentation of the petition, therefore, in the months of November and December last, twenty-six prize cases were disposed of.

An ex-General who served under General Sherman, has made a proposition to the Government to furnish the entire mules and horses of land transportation of the army in Texas, to furnish his own mules, &c., and do the whole thing at a less number of dollars in greenbacks than it has heretofore cost the Government in gold dollars.

EX-SENATOR YULEE'S POSITION.

The Reciprocity Question in Canada.

RUMORS OF FENIAN HOSTILITIES IN IRELAND

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—Florida papers says David L. Yulee has written a letter, giving his views as to the proper course to be pursued by the people of the State, and advising that the Senators be instructed to propose an amendment to the Federal Constitution, declaring that no state can secede or dissolve its relations with the Union, except the same be attended by the consent of two-thirds of both Houses of Congress and ratified by the Legislatures of two thirds of the States.

A dispatch from Washington says all the reports of the Cabinet having contemplated a resignation would seem to be untrue, as Mr. Stanton's arrangements for receptions for the winter have been made as usual. The same dispatch says Senator Sumner has brought in the order mustering out officers of the army whose services are no longer wanted will be promulgated no longer.

A Fenian dispatch, Canada, says that the Government organs state that Hon. George Brown resigned because his colleagues would not adopt a retaliatory policy against the United States and compel the resumption of the reciprocity treaty.

The same letter says that the loss of free trade with the United States has cast a gloom over the whole trade and farming interest, and is much anxiety for the market to replace the loss.

The Fenians in this city have rumors that hostilities have commenced in Ireland, and that the Irish were victorious in the first battle.

The steamer Canada has arrived at Halifax. She does not bring any war-like news.

A report says a banking house in this city received a dispatch from Ireland, stating that a force of constabulary went to a point near Killarney county to suppress the Fenian drilling parties. The constabulary were repulsed, but being reinforced by two companies of military, rallied. The Fenians, meanwhile, were also reinforced, and again repulsed the assailants. There is possibly some truth in the story, the Fenians being in the right for once.

The *Herald's* Toronto special says: Hartley & Co., distillers of Markland, are being tried to-day on charge of swindling the Government to the amount of a hundred and eighty thousand dollars, by smuggling whisky into the United States.

A large fire occurred in Sarins last night.

Father Tollier, Superior of the Jesuit order in America, formerly of New York, died at Montreal on Sunday.

The cattle plague regulation is so far modified that horses, mules and asses are now permitted to cross the border into the United States at Ogdensburg.

The *Leader* states that great dissatisfaction exists among Volunteers, owing to the inactivity of the Government in neglecting to clothe them.

LATEST EUROPEAN ADVICES.

Correspondence between Minister Adams and Earl Clarendon.

STATE OF THE FOREIGN MARKETS.

HALIFAX, Jan. 9.—The Canada, from Liverpool on the 27th, and Queenstown on the 24th, has arrived here. Her dates are two days later.

Liverpool, Dec. 22—Evening.—The Stock Exchange and all the markets are closed, this being Christmas time.

The correspondence between Mr. Adams and Clarendon was published to-day. It is voluminous and occupies eight columns in the London *Times*.

Included in the correspondence, is the suggestion of Mr. Adams, that when the Shenandoah arrived in Liverpool, the entire matter of land transportation of the army in Texas, to furnish his own mules, &c., and do the whole thing at a less number of dollars in greenbacks than it has heretofore cost the Government in gold dollars.

MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT.

Correspondence on the Mexican Question Enclosed

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—The following message was received in the House to-day:

To the House of Representatives:

In compliance with the resolution of the House of Representatives of the 18th ult., requesting information in regard to the steps taken by the so-called Emperor of Mexico, or by an European power to obtain from the United States a recognition of the so-called Empire of Mexico, and what action has been taken in the premises by the Government of the United States, I transmit a report from the Acting Secretary of State, and the papers by which it was accompanied.

[Signed] ANDREW JOHNSON.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5, 1866.

The first of these papers is a communication from Senor Arroyo to Mr. Corwin, dated March 24, 1862 in which he expresses a desire to see Mr. Seward extra, officially and to ascertain whether the recognition of our consul can be obtained, because of embarrassments which exists in consequence of his non-habitation, in Mexico. The exercise of these functions has been continued without embarassment to the American consuls and stating that the Government, which was that of Don Benito Juarez, does not exist either de facto or de jure.

A memorandum by Mr. Seward notes that the Marquis de Montholon, on the 17th of July, called at the Department of State saying that a special agent had arrived from Mexico bearing a letter from Maximilian to the President of the United States, with papers making certain explanations relative to the transactions the Rio Grande, upon which the United States Government had made representations to the Imperial Government of France.

The Secretary, on the 18th, after a conference with the President, returned the letter to Montholon saying the United States was in friendly communication with the republican Government of Mexico, and, therefore, that the President declined to receive the letter or to hold intercourse with the agent who brought it.

On August 1st Minister Romero informs Acting Secretary Hunter that San Luis Arroyo assumed to act as commercial agent in New York, without an exequatur or other recognition by the United States Government, and asks whether the Government recognizes the right of Maximilian to make such appointment, or whether, as he believes in case this government only sees in the republic of Mexico a war between it and France without recognizing Maximilian even as a government de facto.

The change, he intimates, may seem to show that the Government of the United States recognizes the French intervention in Mexico. Mr. Seward replies, August 9th, that to have the United States prevents a person from advertising himself as consul, but that this Government, in all its official correspondence, has recognized no other government in Mexico except that of Juarez, and assures him that such a commercial agent can perform no consular act relating to the affairs of his countrymen.

To prohibit him from attesting invoices and manifests, says the Secretary, would be tantamount to an interdiction of trade between the United States and those Mexican ports which are not in the possession of the republican government of that country. The Consuls of the United States in Mexico, who have their exequatur from that government, only themselves discharge the duties as commercial agents in the ports which are not under the control of the government, in all respects like those now in the Confederate States in the same way, and to the same extent, claims to do at New York in respect to said ports.

Senor Romero, on the 17th, complains that no position is taken by the United States in regard to the expedition of Gen. Prim to Mexico, and notifies Mr. Seward that he has submitted the correspondence to his Government and will wait for instructions, of which communication Mr. Seward takes a formal acknowledgment, without further explanation.

On November 8th the Secretary of State addresses Minister Bigelow, and represents that the presence and operations of a French army in Mexico and its maintainance of an authority there, is a cause of serious concern to us. Now the policy of the Government of United States is still broader, and includes the authority itself, which the French army is thus maintaining, that authority is in direct antagonism to the principles of this Government, and the principle on which it is founded.

Every day's experience of its operations only adds some new confirmation of the justice of the views which the Government expressed at the time the attempt to institute that authority first became known. The United States have hitherto practiced the most friendly forbearance in the subject, still regard the attempt to establish permanently a foreign and Imperial Government in Mexico as displeasing and unpreticeable for various reasons. They could not now come to compromise the position they have heretofore assumed. They are not prepared to recognize or to pledge themselves to recognize hereafter any political institutions in Mexico, which are in opposition to a republican form of government, with which we have so long and so constantly maintained relations of amity and friendship.

He says in closing, that it is hardly necessary to say that we should not be dwelling so earnestly upon this branch of the political questions, if it had not been our conviction that those relations at the present moment supersede those of commerce in the consideration of the American people.

Mr. Bigelow, under date of Nov. 30th, reports reading a dispatch of Mr. Seward's to Mr. Brown De Lhuys, which Marshal him, though he felt obliged to say that he derived neither pleasure nor satisfaction from its contents.

Mr. Seward, on December 10th, says it is the President's purpose that France should be respectfully informed upon two points: First, that the United States earnestly desires to cultivate sincere friendship with France; second, that this policy would be upward rendered imminent jeopardy unless France could deem it consistent with her interest and honor to desist from the prosecution of armed intervention in Mexico to overthrow the domestic republican government existing therein and to establish upon its ruins, a foreign monarchy, which has been attempted to be established in the capital of that country. The President declares he said that the United States will not recognize Maximilian, even if the French troops should be withdrawn from Mexico.

The papers submitted with a confidential letter from M. Drouyn De L'Huys, to Marquis Montbauon, dated Paris, October 18, 1865, saying that he had renewed assurance of the strong desire of the French Government to withdraw its auxiliary corps as soon as circumstances would allow it. The French Government had been ready to carry out the present moment's delay, the basis of an understanding with the Government of Washington.

What it asked of the United States was to be assured that the United States intended to impede the consolidation of the new order of things found in Mexico, and the best guaranty the French Government could desire would be the recognition of the Emperor Maximilian by the Federal Government.

Secretary Seward, under date of December 1865, says: "In review of all the facts the President is gratified with the assurance you give of the Emperor's good disposition. Forget, however, to be required to say the condition which the Emperor presents is one which seems to be impracticable.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE IN NASHVILLE.

Two Persons Burned to Death.

ONE BODY EXHUMED FROM THE RUINS.

NASHVILLE, Jan. 9.—A destructive fire broke out at one o'clock this morning, in the wholesale house of Cook, Moore & Co., on the public square, entirely destroying the building. The liquor house of R. G. Page, adjoining, was also destroyed with the entire contents. The International Hotel was several times on fire, but was finally put out. The interior was badly damaged by the water.

Several adjacent houses are more or less injured by fire and water. The conflagration raged until 4 A. M., when its progress was stopped. Several houses were burned.

A rumor is in circulation that Messrs. Cooke and Moore were burned to death in their store, as neither have been seen. Fears are entertained that they perished. The origin of the fire is not known. The loss is supposed to be over $150,000.

LATER.—The body of Charles A. Moore was exhumed from the ruins of the warehouse this morning. But one life was lost. Both Cooke, Moore & Co., and R. G. Page lost heavily.

Fruit House Burned--Governor Cox's Inaugural.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 9.—The fruit house of Caldwell Brothers, & Smalley, Covington, Kentucky, was partially destroyed, yesterday, by the explosion of gas. Loss to buildings and contents, $40,000.

Governor Cox's inaugural address is limited to a declaration of the general principles that govern affairs, and a statement of the political problem to be worked out, but does not lay down specific measures for accomplishing that object.

He says the one great doctrine which has been settled by the war is, that the national Union cannot be destroyed by the action of any of the States composing it. The continuance, its modification or its dissolution shall be determined by the whole people acting as one nation under the forms of the Federal Constitution, and shows the necessity of raising the question already settled by the high arbitrament of the nation, and putting it in jeopardy before a trial by jury.

The Governor concludes by saying: The late war has brought great burdens upon our State, but its prospects has been such that they have been borne without impoverishing or straining the public resources. Ohio, the platform of the ordinance of 1787, has been true to the principles of that great act of statesmanship which dedicated the great northwestern territory to freedom and free labor, and now more than ever before is realizing the benefits of the wisdom which launched her upon a career of unexampled growth, under the auspices of religion, intelligence and freedom.

Fenian Congress—Burglars Sentenced—Deaths from Cold.

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—The Fenian Congress resolved itself into a court-martial this day

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 10, 1866.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

NOTICE is hereby given that hereafter all TRANSIENT advertisements received at this office must be paid for when handed in, except in the case of yearly advertisers, whose bills will be rendered quarterly, as usual. Advertisers will please make a note of this, as the rule of cash payments for advertisements of the character stated, will be inflexibly enforced.

The price of our Morning and Evening editions is THREE CENTS at the counter or from newsboys. Served by carriers at FIFTEEN CENTS per week.

OUR PAPER.

We tender our sincerest thanks to our friends in the City Councils who, at an election last night, gave an almost unanimous vote designating the GAZETTE as one of the official papers of the City. We appreciate to the full the high compliment paid us in this flattering vote, and trust we shall long continue to deserve the confidence which it implies.

RIGHTS ON THE STREETS.

ANN BAXTER, of New York, some months ago, was crossing the track of the Second Avenue Railroad Company, in that city. Her foot tripped on one rail, and she fell forward on the other. A car ran over her, injuring her severely. She brought suit in the inferior Court, and got judgment for damages in the sum of $3,000. The Railroad Company was dissatisfied, and appealed to the Superior Court on the ruling of the Court below as to the legal meaning of the word "negligence." The Judge charged that if the plaintiff had been "guilty of any negligence," she was not entitled to recover; and he defined negligence to be "the want of ordinary care and prudence." The Superior Court declared the definition to be correct, and affirmed the judgment for damages.

But the Superior Court did more than this. Judge MONELL said that the position of the Railroad Company amounted to this, that "a foot passenger had no right upon the street as against a railroad corporation," and that "such seemed practically to be the belief of the drivers of most public conveyances and many private vehicles." To set this point right, he explained and enforced the law to be that the right to travel in the street is common to everybody, and that foot passengers have as much right to walk there as any body has to drive horses or other animals there. He put the matter in the strongest light by holding that "it is as much the duty of the vehicle to keep out of the way of the foot passenger, as it is for the latter to escape being run over by the former."

This is not new law. It always has been the law, and until common sense forsakes the statute books and the courts, will be the law. Car drivers and persons in wagons or carriages, not unfrequently act as if an individual on foot has no business to be in the street, and was bound to look out for himself as best he might. A few judgments like this one recounted above would have a wholesome effect in ensuring safety to pedestrians, especially in thronged thoroughfares.

SOUTHERN UNIONISTS.

A fortnight ago, it was announced by telegraph that Mr. WILLIAM JOHNSON, a brother of the President of the United States, had died in Texas. Gen. STRONG, a federal officer, stated that the old man died because the rebel physicians refused to render him professional services; and there were no Union physicians at hand. This statement seemed almost incredible; but it turns out to be literally true. Two sons of the deceased, and, of course, nephews of President JOHNSON, have voluntarily sent to the Nashville papers a card, attested by their signatures, in which they say:

"General Strong makes a statement that our father, Mr. William Johnson, was accidentally shot by the discharge of his own gun, and that a number of surgeons in Valasco, Texas, where the accident occurred, were applied to for assistance. All refused, and accordingly refused, but one of their political friends, who is said to be a brother of the President, etc. In addition, we will state that the above are facts, and that our father had to send to Columbia, Texas, a distance of one hundred miles, for a Federal surgeon before getting any assistance. Dr. Seads is the gentleman who came to our father's assistance from Columbia, but fourteen days having elapsed was too late to save his life, and Dr. Seads says our father died from neglect, and the medical gentlemen of Valasco stated that there were too many Johnsons now."

WILLIAM JOHNSON was Collector of the Port of Valasco. He was sixty-eight years old. Within four hours ride of his residence there were not less than twenty physicians, not one of whom would aid him, but left him to die. What stronger proof could be adduced, not of an acerbity engendered by the war, but of that, demonism which made the war, and still survives to madden it with virulence?

THE CONNELLSVILLE ROAD.

Some little time ago Mr. GARRETT, the President of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, made a speech at Baltimore, in which he ventured on general statements in reference to the completion of the Connellsville Railroad. These statements were purposely vague and indefinite, but designedly held out a hope of the early completion of that work. We suspect that not much reliance ought to be placed on these pleasant assurances. Companies owning railroads leading west from this city are anxious for the completion of the Connellsville railroad, and are willing to cooperate for putting it into actual operation at an early day. Why does not Mr. GARRETT meet the overtures of these companies? Why does he procrastinate, talking as if something was to be done, but doing himself, and failing to put himself in communication with those who are willing to aid in the enterprise?

LINCOLN MONUMENT.

WM. GRENNELL, Esq., of Springfield, Illinois, is in Pittsburgh, duly accredited by the Directors of the National LINCOLN Monument Association, to make collections for that object in Pennsylvania. The purpose of the Association is "to erect over the remains of ABRAHAM LINCOLN a suitable National Monument at Springfield, Illinois." This is an object which will commend itself to all loyal men throughout the country. The great martyr has, indeed, reared himself a lasting monument in the grateful recollections of his countrymen, and taken his rank in history among the great and good men, who from age to age have perished that nations might live; but it is most suitable that his grave should be marked by an appropriate testimonial that shall signify at once his worth and the admiration and respect of the American people.

THE Chicago *Republican* styles Lieutenant-Governor BROSS, editor-in-chief of the Chicago *Tribune*, "a genuine and typical Western man." How such matters are ascertained and rated on the western side of Lake Michigan, we do not know. But BROSS was born and educated a Pennsylvanian. The home of his nativity and youth was on the bank of the Delaware river, in the God-forsaken county of Pike, where rattlesnakes and democrats are equally venomous. He mastered the "art preservative of arts," in the office of the Milford *Herald*, the organ of the Pike county democracy. How he managed to escape contamination, or incurring it, managed to be regenerated, we do not know. But this is certain, a good thing did come out of that political Nazareth. He is a "genuine and typical" Pennsylvanian now, [illegible]

MASSACHUSETTS.

The Conservative papers recently paraded with much gusto the telegraphic report of the views of Gov. ANDREW, of Massachusetts, on reconstruction, but have not yet found room to give what Gov. ANDREW really said. Perhaps they will give their readers the following from the message of Gov. BULLOCK, the successor of Gov. ANDREWS:

In this communication I have thought it proper to confine myself within those subjects which belong to our domestic administration. Another field lies beyond, broad as the republic, laden with painful anxieties, but blossoming with transcendent hopes. It has been moistened all the way from the Capitol, within whose walls first arriving, one of her regiments was quartered in the darkest hour, to the farthest lines of the whole expanse, with the blood of the sons of Massachusetts; and she may be forgiven for asking in the day of victory to which she contributed, that the fruits shall be equal to the sacrifice.

"So long as the States recently in rebellion shall continue to be unjust to half their crown population, it is vain to expect that they will be just to the other States of the Union. If they shall withhold from their own people the rights of human nature or of civil government, those who are thus deprived should be supported in the claim by the laws and by the arms of the United States. The return of those States to the national council, whether called restoration or readmission, should be conditioned upon emancipation in fact as well as by name, upon their full and solemn recognition of the equality of all men before the law."

I have confidence that the President will fulfil the mission of his predecessor, as the Restorer of the Union and the Liberator of a race. But the Congress must be held to perform its part. In war it was inevitable that the Executive overshadowed Congress; in peace, it is necessary that Congress should resume the exercise of its prerogatives under the Constitution. I, for one, am willing to intrust to the Senators and Representatives of Massachusetts, in that body, the interests and convictions of this ancient of States.

CONSERVATIVE ARITHMETIC.

MR. SHELLABARGER, of Ohio, according to the telegraphic report we gave yesterday of the admirable speech he made the day before, upset the whole science of political arithmetic as taught by those consequential gentlemen known as Conservatives.

"Mr. Shellaberger quoted and repeated the decision of the United States Supreme Court, repudiating the doctrine that all the individuals of a State can cease, as individuals, to have any political rights, and yet when united and called a State, hold the mighty power of making Senators, choosing Presidential electors and amending constitutions.

"Confessedly a rebel has no rights. A million of rebels have no more. Yet the Conservatives insist that if you add no rights enough together you can produce a full and perfect right for a citizen or a State. Mr. SHELLABARGER shows that this trying to add ciphers enough together to produce a unit is as much a political as a mathematical impossibility. It seems to us that even Conservatives must have sense enough to see the absurdity of their attempt. Nothing *from* nothing, nothing remains. Nothing *to* nothing, and nothing is there. Can anything be plainer?

GENERAL NEWS.

The report of the Secretary of the National Association of Wool Manufacturers, states that returns had been received up to the 20th of October of 917 woolen mills, with 4,100 sets of cards and a weekly consumption of scoured wool of 2,252,545 lbs., of which 1,619,038 lbs., was domestic, and 633,497 lbs., or 28¾ per cent., foreign wool, 350 lbs., scoured wool is the weekly average per net. Of 624 woolen mills no statement had been received. From the official report of the United States Tax Commissioners the woolen goods manufactured in the United States for the year ending June 30, 1864, was $121,868,250 35.

A Rome the inmates of Dr. Blanche's famous private lunatic asylum in Paris, is the husband of a brilliant Italian prima donna, who visits him every day, though he cannot recognize his devoted wife. But on the arrival there of the unfortunate Jobert de Lamballe, the Emperor's surgeon, who lost his senses for having been away from home when recently summoned to attend on the Empress in Switzerland, that gentleman was immediately recognized by his fellow-lunatic, with whom he had been in former times on intimate terms.

On the night of the 5th inst., at the house of Mike Burke, three miles South of Carbondale, Illinois, two railroad hands, named John Conly and William Burke, were boasting of their physical prowess, when a fight ensued. Conly and Burke were clinched, when Burke managed to open a large pocket knife, and cut Conly severely on the back of the neck. Mike Burke pitched into the fight, and Bill Burke was knocked on the head with a heavy boot-jack, breaking his skull, and injuring him so that he died during the night.

The four trunk railroad lines are now engaged in a contest for freights, which for vigor has never been equalled. Between Buffalo and New York freight is taken for 15 cents per 100 lbs., a reduction of 32 cents per hundred within a few days. The usual winter rate is $1.10 per 100 lbs. There is not a road between the Hudson river and the Mississippi, it is said, which has not a large amount of rolling stock wholly idle, and some routes count their empty cars by miles.—*Buffalo Express*,

RELIGIOUS EXCITEMENT IN ENGLAND.—Great excitement has been created among religious classes in England, owing to the agitation of the question of the practicability and desirableness of a reunion of the Established Episcopal Church with the Church of Rome. The London *Morning Post* says: "The leaders of the new movement are men with whom the vast majority of the people have no sympathy, and the consequence may be very disastrous."

The Tallahassee *Floridian*, in describing the late inauguration of Governor Walker, says at the close of the inaugural the band of the Seventh Regulars struck up "Dixie," which electrified the audience and called forth repeated cheers. All felt its inspiring strains. Many among those who had perilled their lives in defence of a cause now gone forever, were as they remembered the toils, the suffering they had endured in vain, and their hopes forever blasted, which once animated them.

THE intelligent Paris correspondent of the London *Daily News* (Dec. 17) in mentioning that M. Drouyn D'Lhuys had been closeted with the Emperor Napoleon for several hours every day for a week, remarks: "I believe the Mexican question is approaching a solution, and that that solution will be the evacuation of the territory by the French army, the abolication of Maximilian, and yet no war between France and the United States,"

MR. KUE has recently been appointed "chief ceremony adept" of the Prussian court, and actually called upon the king to present his respects to his Majesty on occasion of his official instalment in the royal chimneys. Whether the new dignitary wiped the soot from his face before kissing the hands of his royal master, or whether he presented himself in all the smoky insignia of his office, is not stated.

THE Chicago *Christian Times* tells of an amusing form of presenting a Christmas gift, in the case of a pastor who missed his stockings, and after diligent search through the house and much inquiry, was informed that they were last seen hanging outside of the window. On opening it the missing articles were discovered on the horns of a new milk cow.

THE Sandusky, Dayton and Cincinnati Railroad was sold on the 5th inst., by O. Follett, receiver, under order of court, for $750,000, the minimum valuation, to J. P. Silverton, of New York, and J. W. Pierce and Israel M. Spelman, of Boston, the purchasing trustees, under the plan of the bond and stock holders, for the capitalization of the securities.

IN Lynchburgh, on Monday, the negroes voted for Judge of the Freedmen's Court. There was an excitement between the "old issue," an aristocratic party, who had been born free, and the "undercrust," who had been "sot free." The latter carried the day and elected John T. Naught, by four hundred majority, over Capt. G. W. Latham.

HON. JOHN N. KASSON, on his recent visit to Iowa, presented himself an ultra supporter of the President's reconstruction policy. The Burlington *Hawkeye*, in a rather savage article says his expressed views entirely misrepresent the sentiments of his constituents.

A. M. SUTHERLAND, a leading merchant of Montezuma, Iowa, committed suicide on the 31, by placing a pistol in his mouth and firing upward. He breathed a short time after the discovery, but soon expired. He was in good circumstances, but had been sick and despondent for some time.

THE statement that General Lee has not made application for pardon, is erroneous. As long ago as September last, he addressed a communication to General Grant upon the subject, who sent it at once to President Johnson, who still has it under consideration.

H. C. ORET, of Burlington, Iowa, County Judge, left for parts unknown, on the 28th, having in his possession funds belonging to a number of his German fellow-citizens, amounting, it is supposed, to between $20,000 and 30,000.

THE Directors of the California division of the Pacific railroad are now employing 5,000 coolies, and hope to secure the services of 15,000 more. They expect to reach Great Salt City in 1867, and propose to meet the eastern line at that point.

ACCORDING to the Louisville *Journal*, John Bell's position during the rebellion has been misunderstood and misrepresented, and he is about to write a letter to the President of the United States which will attract great attention.

M. D. CONWAY, in his last letter to *The Round Table*, says: "I saw Dickens the other day. Time is beginning to tell on him, the crows have left plentifully, their tracks on his brow; he has always an anxious look."

THE Iron-Molders' Convention, in session in New York city, passed resolutions on Saturday recommending the formation of co-operative establishments for manufacturing purposes.

"RECENT experiments in the British navy proved that the thick oil of petroleum, the residuum of the third distillation, is the best substitute for coal in generating steam.

A SIGNIFICANT PHRASE.—Somebody said of Buchanan: "The old scamp; he sat at Washington for four years like a breed poultice, and drew the rebellion to a head."

NOTHING keeps this year in Europe. Apples, pears, grapes, chestnuts, walnuts, potatoes, etc., rot as soon as they are put in directors' rooms [illegible]

LATE OIL INTELLIGENCE.

The Oil City *Register* has the following in reference to the recent strike on Cherry Run:

A new well was struck to-day on what is knows as the Duff Tract, just above the Reed Well, on Cherry Run, which is reported to be flowing at the rate of 600 barrels per day, and increasing hourly, and our informant, a reliable gentleman, states that it promises fair to be a thousand barrel well. The working interest is owned by Wm. Phillips, John Vanausdall, John Mawhinney, Wilson Davis, D. S. Criswell, John Munhall, and a few others. The landed interest belongs to Mr. Wykoop, of Plumer, and others. This is what we call the right kind of a New Year's gift, and we are glad to announce the good fortune of the lucky parties.

THE same paper also says: Mining operations are active, the season thus far having been exceedingly favorable. The developments upon East and West Hickory Creeks, are just now exciting the principal attention of oil operators. We expect to hear soon of extensive strikes in that locality. The Stevenson & Bennehoff farms, adjoining Petroleum Centre, are now yielding a large amount of oil, and several new wells are reported. We shall await further developments before giving any details. The Criswell well, on Cherry Run, just about the Reed well, ceased flowing in September last. It was cleaned out and drilled deeper, and is now flowing about one hundred barrels per day. The working interest of this well belongs to Mr. D. S. Criswell. Another well belonging to the same gentleman, a short distance above is reported as having commenced to produce handsomely.

THE Titusville *Herald* says: "We are informed that a company has been organized for the purpose of laying a pipe line from Petroleum Centre to Rouseville, where it will intersect the railroad to Reno. The route has been surveyed and the company are securing the right of way. Many thanks have been collected from all the farms between Petroleum Centre and Rouseville, and it is thought the enterprise will be a very profitable one. The parties engaged in the enterprise say that the work can be accomplished in twenty days from the time of breaking the ground."

A week ago Saturday morning, two of the stills attached to White & Silver's Oil refinery were burned. The fire originated through the carelessness of one of the employees. This firm suffered to the extent of some $22,000 by the fire the last spring, and their refinery was totally destroyed by fire last fall, when three men lost their lives. The loss this time, is nearly one thousand dollars.

THE Reno Oil and Land Company, at Reno, Venango county, Pa., of which Hon. Galusha A. Grow is President, are about commencing actively the development of their property, and advertise for proposals for putting down fifty oil wells. The work will be commenced at the earliest practical day after the acceptance of the proposals.

IT is stated that the proprietary interest in the Holmden Farm is now vested in the following parties: George R. Chittenden, one-fourth; Chicago and Allegheny Oil and Mining Company, one-fourth; Gordon City Petroleum Company, one-eighth; Honora, Philpot, Sherman & Co., three-eighths.

ON Wednesday afternoon last the Slocum Well, on Pennie Run, commenced pumping oil at a fifty barrel rate, with a steady increase. Before midnight it was reported at two hundred barrels.

ON Wednesday afternoon last, the Gilson Well engine house at Tidioute took fire, and was speedily consumed.

A Bull on the Ice.

About nine o'clock yesterday morning a large bull, which had become separated from a herd on the other side of the river, stepped forth on the ice and made for the city of St. Louis, walking straight forward with a dignified mien, and a look generally very much like that of a Numidian lion. His neck was about a yard wide and a foot in thickness, and the firmness with which he trod the brittle highway on which he had embarked clearly indicated to the beholder that he was a bull with a will. At the same time that the bull started for this city, a party of seven, serious looking heavy set gentlemen, from Illinois, set out from this side for the Illinois shore. He saw the bull approaching at a short distance and liked his looks; thought that the man who behaved himself on the ice, molesting no one, and showing by the sober expression of his countenance that he had sense and plenty of calculating, that the animal would turn aside a little when they met, but on approaching very closely he found that the monster was towering his horrid head for an attack. Being thick set and short legged, he was not naturally a good runner, but the flaming wrath he saw in the bull's eye, the uplifting of his long, straigh tail, and the shaking of his terrible neck, sickened his heart, and he turned to flee. The bull turned to give chase, the perilous situation of the fugitive produced a feeling of intense anxiety and excitement on the part of spectators at a safe distance. The bull beast was upon him in a second, and the manner in which he was lifted from his heels and hurled aloft some ten feet into the air, presented itself as ludicrous and amusing as the cause of the crowd, though the unfortunate victim, no doubt, saw his eyes closed, and was uttering a prayer for his own salvation while undertaking the flight. Taking these facts into view the man's pantaloons squarely between his horns, the mad animal tossed him helplessly high overhead, to the distance, as stated by some, of three hundred feet in a perpendicular height. Alighting in about the same posture in which he went up, he sat for a while a picture of utter dismay. He soon recovered his wits, however, and, strangely enough, was found to be only slightly bruised. The bull rushed madly on, and precisely encountered another man, whose name, we are informed, was J. E. Miller, who received serious injuries. Instead of running, he tried to take the bull by horns and give battle. One of the horns of the infuriated beast was thrust directly into his eye, tearing it from its socket. The animal finally reached the levee, and instead of being shot was driven out Elm street toward Cherry and Clarke avenue to some stock yard. Miller was picked up in a partially insensible condition, and was taken to a room on the levee, where he was attended to by Dr. Vanzaden.—*St. Louis Republican*.

Dastardly Assassination of a Retiured Soldier.

Last Monday a maimed returned soldier, named Neal McDonald, of Charleston, Illinois, was awaiting the arrival of a train at that place, when a desperado named Jesse W. Burr, commenced abusing McDonald. The latter, in a gentle manner, tried to induce the former to desist, telling him to let him alone. The affair finally terminated in Burr plunging a knife into McDonald, without any provocation whatever, just as the train arrived. McDonald pressed his hand on the wound and cried out that he was murdered. He was quickly placed in an omnibus, and speedily conveyed to the residence of Dr. Jno. F. W. Smith, of Chicago, called in to dress the wound; but surgical skill could avail nothing, as the victim died of internal hemorrhage at 12 o'clock on the afternoon of the next day.

As soon as the deed was done, Burr, the assassin, fled, and aimed to conceal himself between the pillars of the Christian Church, but was pursued and there captured, and afterwards lodged in jail. He bore a bad character in the army, and it is said on one occasion, while following up the retreat of the enemy, one of the wounded, lying by the roadside, asked for surgical aid, when Burr told him that he would *aid* him, and shot the prostrate man through the head, and then, by one like, leaped upon him with his feet! It is also said he claims to be a first cousin of the assassin Booth, and had a photograph of that monster, and others of the same gang on his person when captured.

McDonald, the murdered man, was an Irishman by birth, and had been in this country and the Canadas about twenty-seven years. He claimed to be about forty-seven years of age, but looked much older. He was in Generals Scott's army, and also from the bombardment of Vera Cruz to the fall of the City of Mexico. On his return, he met with the misfortune of losing one of his eyes in Pittsburgh, Pa.

A Servant girl at Davenport was charged with theft, and was promised immunity from punishment if she would give up the amount. This she would not do. A policeman, was called in, therefore, to take her into custody. Upon seeing the officer come into the room, the girl became very much frightened, and rushing into the yard leaped into a well about twenty-five feet deep. She went down through the neighborhood like wild-fire, that a woman had jumped into a well, and a great many persons crowded to the spot, but no one seemed to be disposed to go down after her, until a watchman consented to bring her up. In this he succeeded by tying a table cloth under her arms and attaching this to a rope, whereby she was hauled to the surface in a frozen condition—but more scared than hurt.

THE American Consul at Borneo and two friends have obtained from the sultan of Borneo a large tract of most valuable land, with extraordinary water facilities and pearl fisheries, much to the chagrin of some English men who wanted it. The trade of this section had been confined to the English, and so managed that but one American ship ever went there. But our consul and his friends have obtained such favor with the sultan that he has given them the ownership of four hundred miles of sea coast by sixty miles inland, (twenty-four hundred miles,) a country of millions of people who want it. The rubber, lac, sandal and other valuable woods, birds' nests, Malay camphor, tin streams, the Ambong coal mine, gold mines, and two fine harbors.

UNIONISM IN GEORGIA.—We are informed that a Northern man some four weeks ago went to Cass Station, or to some point in that neighborhood, on the Western and Atlantic Railroad, and carried with him a small stock of goods. He rented a store room, paying the rent in advance. When he had arranged his goods and was ready to open doors for business, he was set upon by a mob of citizens, who pitched his wares into a pile on the ground, and then made a bonfire of them, admonishing the unfortunate owner, meanwhile, to go up North among his Union friends to make money, that "d—n him, he couldn't come there to fool the people out of their pocket-books."—*Nashville Press*.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

UNION COUNTY CONVETION.

The Union Republican voters of Allegheny County are requested to assemble at the usual places for holding elections in the several districts, on SATURDAY, January 13th, 1866, and choose delegates to meet in County Convention, on TUESDAY, January 16th, 1866, at 11 A. M., at the Court House, for the purpose of selecting DELEGATES to the STATE CONVENTION, to be held at Harrisburg, on the 17th, to place in nomination a ticket for GOVERNOR.

The election of Delegates shall be by ballot: in the wards and boroughs, between the hours of 4 and 7, P. M., and in the townships between the hours of 3 and 6 o'clock, P. M.

By order of the County Executive Committee.

WM. J. GILMORE, Chairman.
R. W. THOMAS, } Secretaries.
WM. ANDERSON, }

ja10d&wtd

LEGAL NOTICES.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF BRICK

DWELLING NO. 200 WYLIE STREET.—On TUESDAY EVENING, 16th inst., at 7½ o'clock, by order of executors of the late Mrs. Piney, dec'd, I will be sold for cash by A. McIlwaine, auctioneer, at Commercial Sales Rooms, 100 Smithfield street, that desirable three story BRICK DWELLING, containing nine rooms and hall. No. 200 Wylie street, plot 22½ by 70 feet, more or less.

ja9:td&tx

WILLIS BOOTHE,

LOST.

LOST.—On Monday evening, between Smithfield street and the Pearl Mill, Allegheny, a LADY'S VICTORINE. The finder, by returning it at Mr. DYER'S, Federal street, will be suitably rewarded. ja9:3tdaw

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION, THE MOUNT HOPE PROPERTY, AT WOODS' RUN STATION.—Fifteen acres of Land, Brick Dwelling with 10 rooms and garret, plenty of soft water and fruit of all kinds; ten minutes' walk from Federal street Depot, Allegheny. Enquire of the subscriber, at his MACHINE AND OIL TOOL WORKS, 32 and 34 Ohio street, Allegheny.

ja6 JOHN SELLERS.

FOR SALE.

OLD TYPE METAL.

Enquire at the COUNTING ROOM, THIS OFFICE. ja9:tf

FOR SALE—AN EXCELLENT MANUFACTURING SITE.

Near Woods' Run, consisting of 5¾ acres, with a broad river front and extending to the railroad; eligibly situated for any kind of business. For terms, apply to WM. H. WAKEHAM,
ja5:2w*ER 115 Beaver street, Allegheny, Pa.

DWELLING HOUSE ON WYLIE STREET FOR SALE.—That large and well established three story Brick Dwelling on Wylie street near Fifth, finished in modern style, containing 12 rooms, kitchen, front and back stairs, bath room, hot and cold water and gas throughout the building. This is one of the most desirable properties for dwelling or boarding purposes now offered for sale. Possession April 1st. Terms reasonable. Apply to

ja5:tf B. McLAIN & CO., 102 Fourth street.

FOR SALE—A FARM, situated in Hanover township, Washington county, Penna., eight miles North of the Pittsburgh and Steubenville Railroad, and three miles East of Frankfort Springs, containing one hundred and ten acres, more or less; eighty acres cleared and ten acres timbered; all under good fence. There is erected thereon a good Dwelling House, Barn, Stable and other outbuildings, all frame and in good repair. Contains water abundant, with an orchard of seventy young and bearing trees. The above will be sold particularly on favorable terms to close an estate. This property can be excelled in the country. Churches and schools convenient. The above will be sold privately on favorable terms. Any one wishing to purchase will please call and examine my stock and prices before buying elsewhere.

RICHARD BARD,
Pittsburgh, January 1st, 1866. ja5:3td

SEWING MACHINES.

WM. SUMNER.....J. F. WRIGHT.....E. P. CARPENTER.

WM. SUMNER & CO.,
DEALERS IN
WHEELER & WILSON'S
LOCK-STITCH
SEWING MACHINE.

GROVER & BAKER'S
SEWING MACHINES

Have been awarded the FIRST PREMIUMS at the following Fairs for the year 1865:

First Premium for best Machine work at Pennsylvania State Fair.
First premium for best Family Machine work at New York State Fair.
First Premium for best Family Machine at Ohio State Fair.
First premium for best Manufacturing Machine at Ohio State Fair.
First premium for best Manufacturing Machine at Michigan State Fair.
First Premium for best Manufacturing Machine at Wisconsin State Fair.
First Premium for best Manufacturing Machine at Lawrence County Fair, Pa.
First Premium for best Machine for general purposes, at Lawrence County Fair, Pa.
First Premium for best Family Machine at Bucks County Fair, Pa.
First Premium for best Manufacturing Machine at Bucks County Fair, Pa.
First Premium for best Manufacturing and Family Machine at Springfield Fair, Ohio.
First Premium for best Manufacturing and Family Machine at Palmyra Fair, N. Y.
First Premium for best Manufacturing and Family Machine at Suffolk County Fair, N. Y.
First Premium for best Manufacturing and Family Machine at Schuylkill County Fair, N. Y.
First Premium for best Machine for all purposes, at Allegheny County Fair, Pa.
First Premium for best Manufacturing Machine at Allegheny County Fair, Pa.
First Premium for best Machine work at Allegheny County Fair, Pa.
And wherever exhibited.

A. F. CHATONEY,
GENERAL AGENT,
oct2:sodly&E No. 18 Fifth St., Pittsburgh.

SHAW & CLARK'S
$26 and $33 Sewing Machines,
WITH TABLES COMPLETE.

They Hem, Fell, Stitch, Bind, Embroider and Quilt. They do Vest, Pantaloon and Coat Making, and all kinds of Family Sewing on the same Machine, and the sewing will last longer than the garment. Every Machine is Warranted for FIVE YEARS. All kinds of Family Sewing promptly done.

R. H. LONG,
112 Grant street, near Fifth,
nov13:3meod PITTSBURGH, PA.

SUNDRIES.

PEANUTS—198 sacks in store and for sale by ISAIAH DICKEY & CO. ja9

COTTON—5 bales to arrive for sale by ISAIAH DICKEY & CO. (ja9)

DRY FRUIT—28 sacks Apples; 22 do Peaches, To arrive for sale by ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

COTTON—32 bales on steamer Rebecca to arrive for sale by ISAIAH DICKEY & CO. ja10

PICKLES.
100 cases half gals., qts. and pts., best brands; 25 bbls. No. 1 prime Pickles,
In store and to arrive for sale by
REYMER & BROS.,
ja8 Nos. 126 and 128 Wood street.

JELLIES.
100 cases assorted Jellies, in tumblers;
50 " Currant do do
Just received and for sale by
REYMER & BROS.,
ja8 Nos. 126 and 128 Wood street.

SUGARS.
100 bbls. Baltimore B Coffee Sugar;
50 do do do
50 " Powdered, Granulated and Pul. Sugar,
Just received and for sale by
REYMER & BROS.,
ja8 Nos. 126 and 128 Wood street.

$3,000 CONNELLSVILLE R. R. BONDS.—THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, Jan. 9th, at 7½ o'clock, will be sold, on second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street, in addition to list of valuable Stocks already advertised, $3,000 First Mortgage Bonds Connellsville Railroad, Turtle Creek Division.

A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.
ja9

PRODUCE ON CONSIGNMENT.
Prime Dried Pared Peaches;
Prime Dried halves and quarter Peaches;
Prime Dried Apples and Cherries;
Green Apples and Peach Blow Potatoes;
Eggs, Butter, Lard and Tallow;
Goshen Cheese and Pickles,
Canned Peaches and Tomatoes, cheap;
Corn Meal and Pearl Barley;
Beans, Onions and Seeds,
All of which is offered for sale on cash at lowest rates, by GRAFF & RHEN,
ja3 No. 215 Liberty street.

WANTS.

WANTED—Six Boys to run light Machinery in a Blacksmith Shop. Boys from 16 to 18 years of age. Apply at once at DAY & HAYDEN'S, corner of Water and Short sts. ja9:3td

WANTED—Three Good Blacksmiths to Forge Bridle Bits, at DAY & HAYDEN'S, corner of Water and Short streets. Three good hands can get a permanent job at once. DAY & HAYDEN. ja9:3td

WANTED.—A FIRST CLASS GAS AND STEAM FITTER. None need apply but first rate hands. Good wages and steady employment. Enquire at T. T. EWENS', successor to Addy & Ewens, 105 Wood street. ja5

WANTED—A Purchaser for over FOUR HUNDRED ACRES of Land in Iowa, or an exchange for City Property. The land is in Hamilton County, adjoining Webster City, Iowa. The owner can be seen at the GAZETTE office, every day, from 10 A. M. until 4 P. M.

WANTED—SALESMEN—BOTH MALE AND FEMALE, to sell the EIGHTEEN DOLLAR SEWING MACHINE. Warranted for three years. Takes the Elastic Stitch. Also, a few ENERGETIC MEN to act as GENERAL AGENTS. Send for Circular. CLARK & BAKER, Manufacturers, No. 121 Superior street, Cleveland, Ohio. ja5:3td

PARTNERSHIP WANTED—A Business man with a capital of $20,000 to $30,000 desires to form a connection with some Manufacturing Establishment in which his services and means may be used efficiently to extend the business. Communications will be received by

S. S. BRYAN,
ja8:1wNE 57 Fourth street, Burke's Building.

WANTED—AGENTS IN EVERY county of Pennsylvania for BROWN'S UNIVERSAL BROOM HEAD. This head is warranted not to break or wear out. It obviates the difficulty hitherto found in keeping the handle fast. After having been in use awhile, in making a broom or fixing a broom, no tools are required except a knife. It is the only successful article of the kind ever made. Inclose stamp for a circular, or $1.25 for sample head, and address J. A. ROWCROFT, care J. L. Haven & Co., Cincinnati. ja10:8td

WANTED—$1,500 PER YEAR! —We want AGENTS everywhere to sell our IMPROVED TWENTY-DOLLAR SEWING MACHINES, three new kinds, under and upper feed; warranted five years. Above salary or large commission paid. The ONLY Machine sold in United States for less than $50, that *are fully licensed by Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, Singer & Co., and Bachelder.* All other cheap Machines are INFRINGEMENTS. Circulars free. Address or call on SHAW & CLARK, Biddeford, Maine, or at No. 822 Broadway, New York; No. 238 Carter street, Philadelphia, Pa.; No. 161 Lombard's Block, Chicago, Ill.; No. 170 West 4th street, Cincinnati, O.; or No. 8 Spaulding's Exchange, Buffalo, N. Y. dec9:6eod&wF

WANTED—AGENTS.—EMPLOYMENT FOR RETURNED SOLDIERS AND ALL OTHERS.—Great Sale of Jewelry, Silverware, &c. &c. No Humbug. A GREAT GIFT DISTRIBUTION. Agents are making from Fifteen to Thirty Dollars per day, and we need still more. Late invoices from Europe have swelled our stock to over One Million Dollars. A splendid assortment of Watches, Rings, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Jewelry of all kinds, of the most fashionable patterns, selling at $1 each. Send 25 cents for certificate, and you will see what you are entitled to; or send $1 for five certificates, or $5 for thirty; or send a three-cent stamp for our terms to agents, which are of the most liberal kind. Write plainly your full address, name, city, county and state, to HAMILTON & CO., Box 5625, P. O., New York. Salesroom, 39 Liberty street, New York. no20:2m

LOST.

LOST.—On Monday evening, between Smithfield street and the Diamond, a GOLD LOCKET, containing a lock of hair. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at the GAZETTE office. ja9:3td

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION, THE MOUNT HOPE PROPERTY, AT WOODS' RUN STATION.—Fifteen acres of Land, Brick Dwelling with 10 rooms and garret, plenty of soft water and fruit of all kinds; ten minutes' walk from Federal street Depot, Allegheny. Enquire of the subscriber, at his MACHINE AND OIL TOOL WORKS, 32 and 34 Ohio street, Allegheny.

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RICHARD BARD,
Pittsburgh, January 1st, 1866. ja5:3td

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT.

STORES NOS. 32 AND 36 MARKET ST.

ALSO, TWO LARGE SECOND STORY ROOMS OVER 28 AND 30 MARKET STREET.

Enquire of M'MASTER, GAZZAM & CO.,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
ja8 No. 38 Grant street, (near Fifth.)

TO LET—Two three story Brick HOUSES, containing hall and nine rooms each, situated on Washington street, three doors from the Fifth ward public school. JOHN L. HOUSE & CO., corner of Smithfield and Water streets. ja5:dtf

DIVIDENDS.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.
OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAS COMPANY, 5th January, 1866.

The Trustees of the Pittsburgh Gas Company have this day declared a dividend on the Capital Stock of TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS PER SHARE Out of the profits of the Company, payable forthwith, at the office of the Company.

JAMES M. CHRISTY, Treasurer.
ja9:3td

DIVIDEND.—OFFICE OF THE SECOND NATIONAL BANK OF ALLEGHENY, PA.—At a meeting of the Directors of this Bank, held January 4th, 1866, a dividend of

EIGHT DOLLARS PER SHARE

Was declared, payable on and after the 10th inst.
ja5:10dME J. N. DAVIDSON, Cashier.

MECHANICS' NATIONAL BANK,
PITTSBURGH, January 2, 1866.

THIS BANK HAS DECLARED A Dividend of SIX PER CENT. free of Government Tax, payable on and after January 8th inst.

JOHN G. MARTIN, Cashier.
PITTSBURGH, January 3, 1866. ja3:2w8

MEETINGS.

THE SIXTH ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the PITTSBURGH AND BIRMINGHAM PASSENGER RAIL

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 10, 1866.

What the Democratic Platform Taught.

The Memphis *Avalanche* has been reasciitated. In the introductory article, the editor says:

"Believing, as we did, that this was a Government of consent—that the Federal Government was the creature, the dependent agent of sovereign States, we urged the States of the South to resume that sovereignty with which they had never parted, and to withdraw from the violated compact. It was not strange, monstrous or treasonable for us to advocate such principles, for the Democratic party, in its then received interpretation, taught the doctrine of secession as plainly as the New Testament teaches the plan of salvation through the Atonement. But in this struggle for a great principle, honestly entertained, we have been defeated, and, in submitting to the result with equal honesty, we express the ardent hope that the thirty-four sovereign states, in the new association into which they have been brought, will remain distinct, though united.

This analysis of democratic teaching is strictly correct. For more than thirty years the democratic leaders of the South, following the political philosphy of Mr. JOHN C. CALHOUN, embraced and avowed the doctrine of State sovereignty, in the sense that the Union did not represent a Nation, but only a League of independent sovereignties. They inculcated this idea not as an abstract speculation, but as a principle, the reduction of which to the concrete, to actual practice, was not simply desirable, but of indispensable necessity. The general recognition of the truth of this principle was not an end. The principle was regarded and used by them as an entering wedge, by means of which they designed ultimately to rive the Union in twain. At last the Southern States presented an unbroken front on this subject.

The northern democrats hesitated awhile. They had stood at the beginning of the controversy, on the right hand and on the left hand of General JACKSON, and stayed up his arms in his sagacious and patriotic endeavors to crush the abomination in its infancy. They had applauded the magnanimity of DANIEL WEBSTER, when he, forgetting old alienations and present embitterments, rejecting all thought of temporary advantages and partisan triumphs, arrayed his invincible logic, his majestic eloquence, and the towering influence of his name, on the side of an Administration by which he was proscribed. But, by slow degrees the northern democrats were seduced. JACKSON in the retirement of the Hermitage, or in the silence of the tomb, remained, indeed, an object of traditional veneration, a dim and shadowy form of greatness, that inspired a vague and indefinable awe, but the lessons that he taught, the 'solemn warnings that he uttered, were forgotten or unheeded. The lust of power, and the dignity and emoluments that come of the possession of power, bewildered their fancies, blinded their sense of right, and drew them slowly yet certainly over to doctrine of paramount State Sovereignty. What they desired they obtained. The Southern democrats furnished the doctrines and controlled the policy of the government, while the northern democrats shared the honors and emoluments of official station.

It was in this way that the democratic party was so corrupted that it became the Party of Treason. Among its leaders, with rare exceptions, north as well as south, there was no soundness left. Among its masses were not a few who had gone along by the force of custom rather than from reflection and conviction. It was this class that contributed powerfully to the defeat of the grand conspiracy. When the hour for action came, they stood aghast at the fearful chasm their leaders were opening, to engulf the liberties of the nation. They turned back, and joined the Unionists, and the nation was saved.

The democratic party now is no better at bottom than it was five years ago. It still adheres to all its pernicious doctrines; and all it wants to-day is to have the Conservatives join it, and then it will be ready to renew the struggle, not on the field of battle, but on the floor of Congress. Is the country prepared for a renewal of this great debate, with chances of the ultimate, though distant, re-opening of the war?

THE CONSERVATIVES.

The division in the House of Representatives on the resolution of Hon. THOMAS WILLIAMS against the withdrawal of troops from the rebel States until Congress shall have time to determine the condition and status of those States, disclosed the fact that only *eight* Union members stand by the President's policy in that particular. That is a larger proportion than will be found in the Union ranks outside of Congress.

THE Vicksburg *Herald* is of opinion that Senator WILSON must be a humorist of rare sort, when he cracks the great jest of demanding an amendment to the Constitution prohibiting traffic in confederate money and this at a time when in Texas and other Southern States, where corn husks are scarce, they stuff mattrasses with confederate notes as a matter of economy. If that is an offense the *Herald* suggests that the Senator add a second section to his amendment prohibiting the sale or purchase of mattrasses so filled.

JOHN MINOR BOTTS takes exceptions to a statement, made some time ago, that he had been engaged in contracting for the rebel Government. It is known here, however, that at the commencement of the rebellion he had contracts, or was a party to them, if not with Jeff Davis' concern, with the State of Virginia, for army purposes, and that, owing to pecuniary differences, he quarreled with the authorities, and was thereafter such a bitter opponent of the rebel Government, but steadfastly refused to identify himself with the Union cause; and remained sullenly at home, and is now engaged in getting rebels pardoned, and trying to get a large amount of money out of the Treasury for alleged losses of fence and fire wood during the war; and that he takes for granted that the election of Senators by the Alexandria Legislature is unconstitutional, and he is in favor of of the Richmond cabal electing two more, and that they are now engaged in manly energy in pushing his interests for Senator, anything to the contrary notwithstanding.

THE St. Louis *Evening News* of the 6th says that a party of four gentlemen, J. W. Freeland, of St. Joseph, Missouri, B. F. Freeland and brother, of Weston, and William A. Amnon were attacked by a party of ruffians night before last, when passing down in a hack from Weston and Kansas CITY. A desperate fight ensued. One of the ruffians was mortally wounded. The assaulting party fired about thirty shots, the party attacked returning the fire with revolvers. One of the Freelands and the hack driver are missing. The balance of the party have arrived at Kansas City.

AN INTERESTING FACT.—When John H. Reagan, the Rebel Postmaster-General, was captured, he had upon him bills of exchange upon Rothschilds and others, worth sixty thousand in gold. They were sent by General Spiner, as well as another lot of about the same amount, to our Consul at London, who returns those funds on Reagan's protested. Cause, no funds. This is not believed to be the truth, and proceedings will probably be commenced to compel them to disgorge. One of these is signed by Belgian Consul here, and is for five thousand pounds. Two others are by a Richmond firm of brokers.

RECONSTRUCTED VIRGINIA.—The Civil Courts in Virginia are demonstrating the fitness of that ancient Commonwealth for readmission to Congressional privileges. Several parties have been tried for the occupancy of estates deserted by their rebel owners and leased to them by the United States Government, and judgments rendered against them. Damages and costs have been adjudged against others proven to have acted during the war as scouts and spies for the Union armies, and through whose supposed information rebel farmers were despoiled of their cattle and forage.

A PATENT has been taken out for propelling boats with oars in such a manner that the rower faces in the direction in which he is going. It is claimed that the rowing is easier, that the capacity of the boat is greatly increased, it is more easily steered, that it is steadier in a sea way, and that the oars may be suffered to float alongside without danger of losing them, or can be readily shipped aboard at any moment to avoid collisions.

AMONG other bills which will be introduced in the Legislature at an early day, will be one which has for its object the prevention of medical quackery in this State. The physicians of Bucks, Montgomery and other counties have held meetings in reference to the matter, and those of Lycoming county have gone so far as to officially request their Representatives to effect a bill which will check the march of empiricism. At the present session there are an unusual number of physicians, each and all of whom, will, of course, urge the passage of such a bill.

A DISPATCH from Richmond, Virginia, says: Messrs. Tyler and Coleman, who were arraigned before the House of Delegates on a charge of committing a breach of its decorum, have been discharged, after a thorough investigation. Mr. Tyler was acquitted by a unanimous vote, and Coleman was discharged by a majority. The case of Pollard is postponed till Monday.

WASHINGTON ITEMS.

THE NEW MEXICAN GENERAL—A BAD RECORD.

The Gen. R. Clay Crawford who is reported to be at Brownsville, Texas, with his Chief of Staff, Col. A. F. Reed, raising an American division for Mexico, is a citizen of Tennessee, who was about a year or 18 months ago dismissed the service by court martial upon charges of stealing money from a bank in Rogersville, Tennessee. He was some years ago at West Point as a cadet; was dismissed after two years' study; subsequently went to Nicaragua with Walker, and about the outbreak of the late war was in the Virginia Penitentiary for some offense. He was a Captain of a battery of artillery in the Union service, falsely secured a muster in as Lieutenant-Colonel of the regiment, and held appointments as Colonel of that regiment and also of a colored regiment, to neither of which he was mustered up to the time of his dismissal. His Chief of Staff was Lieutenant-Colonel of a colored regiment, and was dismissed some time last summer by court-martial for a gross offense. It is not believed by those qualified to judge, that Crawford or Reed have recruited a single man.

A FATAL RAILROAD ACCIDENT.—Last week, while a railroad train was stopping at Gordonsville to put off a mail, quite a crowd who had assembled there made an assault upon the mailagent, who was a northern man, and the Post Office Department can appoint none who cannot take the oath. They informed him that they would not allow any Yankees to run on their roads. Words led to blows, and the latter, breaking off, the mail agent escaped with his life. On reporting this to the Post Office Department here, Gov. Dandall immediately struck Gordonsville from the list of post offices, and trains now run by that point.

A CHEEKY APPLICATION.—A. O. P. Nicholson, of Tennessee, applied to the Secretary of the Senate for the balance of pay, which is said to be due him from 1860 to the expiration of his term of office. It was refused Mr. Nicholson, he having withdrawn from the Senate in the winter of 1861.

ASYLUM FOR DISABLED SOLDIERS AND SAILORS.—It is considered certain that Congress will grant the petition for the transfer of all the hospital buildings in the South to about, as at least a temporary asylum for disabled soldiers and sailors.

NATIONAL CURRENCY.—During the week ending the 6th inst., national currency was issued to the amount of $2,723,410. Up to the present date, the aggregate amount issued by the Treasury Department is $240,009,963.

SOUTHERN LIGHTHOUSES.—It will require $2,000,000 to reestablish the lighthouses on the Southern coast destroyed by the rebels.

GENERAL NEWS.

THE A. J. Ferguson Blair, who has been assigned to the Presidency of the Canadian Provincial Council, in the place of Hon. George Brown, resigned, was a member of the McDonald-Dorion administration, and when that government broke down, in 1858, he was charged by the governor general with the formation of a new one, but did not succeed. When the cabinet was reformed in June, 1864, it was understood that he did not approve of it—but when its confederation policy was fully announced, Mr. Blair accepted it, and aided the government in carrying the resolutions through the Upper House, frankly and heartily. Personally Mr. Blair is unobjectional for the office. He is a man of ability and fortune, has been the conservative leader, and he has always been on the reform side.

AMONG other acts to come before the Legislature at the present session, it is known that a strong effort will be made to create a new county out of parts of Crawford, Venango and Warren, to be called "Petroleum," with the town or city of Titusville as the county seat. The question of changing the county seat of Mercer (in the Interior) to Greenville (on the railroad) is talked of, and the capital of snyder county will probably be Middleburg, instead of Selinsburg.

LAST week four persons broke jail in Luzerne county, by digging through the wall. One of them was charged with assault and battery. Two were under sentence for costs; and the other charged with breaking into the office of Meylert and company. A fifth prisoner in the cell under, charged with murder, was unable to escape on account of being hoppled.

THE commerce of the world is estimated to require 3,600,000,000 able-bodied men to be constantly traversing the seas, of whom 7,500 die every year. The amount of the property moved on the water is from fifteen hundred to two thousand millions of dollars, and the amount annually lost by the casualties of the sea average twenty-five millions of dollars.

JUDGE THOMAS B. MONROE, a prominent lawyer, legislator and politician of Kentucky, died on the 23d ult. at East Christian, Miss., at the age of 74 years. He was a great student, an accomplished writer and speaker, and a most influential member of the Democratic party.

A CHICAGO special gives one of the oldest cases of elopement on record. A young and attractive married woman of thirty years decamped with two married men, either of them old enough to be her father.

IN the procession at the installation of the King of the Belgians, one veteran general, more than ninety years old, was thrown from his horse twice, and then went gaily to the palace in a carriage, none the worse for his accident.

AUCTION SALES.

LARGE SALE OF United States Ordnance Property.

Will be sold at Public Auction, by T. A. McCLELLAND, Auctioneer, at ALLEGHENY ARSENAL, Pittsburgh, Pa., commencing at 10 o'clock, A. M., MONDAY, January 15th, 1866, the following articles, viz:

4 Iron Cannon.
52 Upper Carriage Carriages, cast iron.
75 Sets Artillery Harness.
46,282 Foreign Muskets and Rifles, new and repaired.
13,902 U. S. Muskets and Rifles, new and repaired.
24,837 U. S. Foreign Muskets and Rifles.
13,861 U. S. Muskets and Rifles.
2,338 Breech-Loading and other Carbines.
127 Colt's and Allen's Rifles.
151 Sporting Rifles.
26 Shot Guns.
3,092 Musket and Rifle Barrels.
19,998 Bayonets, triangular and sword.
3,105 Revolvers.
1,858 Sabres and Swords.
4,000 Sets Cavalry Accoutrements.
15,000 Sets Infantry Accoutrements.
3,500 Saddles, Cavalry and Artillery.
20,000 parts of Horse Equipments, bridles, horse brushes, curry combs, &c.
3,000 Saddle Blankets.
2,000 pounds Leather, Harness.
4,000 pounds Powder, cannon, musket, rifle and sporting.
32 Complete sets of wrought iron parts for Casemate Carriages.
600 tons Scrap Cast Iron.
50 tons Scrap Wrought Iron.
50 tons Lead and Antimony, in pigs, Type Metal.
100 Wrought Iron Axles.
25,000 pounds Lead Dross.
17,000 Packing Barrels.
A large lot of appendages for muskets, carbines, &c., &c.
A large lot of Artillery Implements and Equipments.
A large lot of spare parts for Muskets, &c.
A large lot of Tools and Machines.
Purchasers will be required to remove the property within ten days after the sale.
Terms—Cash.

R. H. R. WHITELEY,
Lieut. Col. of Ordnance and
Brev. Brig. Gen., U. S. Army.
ja1:tdm

WINES, SEGARS AND TOBACCO.—WEDNESDAY MORNING, January 10th, at 10 o'clock, will be sold, at the Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street,
10 baskets superior Champagne:
4 casks and one bbl. (300 gals.) Catawba Wine vintage of 1862;
1 cask and six bbls. (300 galls.) Catawba Wine vintage of 1864;
1 bbl. (90 gals.) Cherry and Currant Wine;
4 bbls. (360 galls.) Sherman Wine;
10,000 prime Havana Segars;
20 caddies prime Spun Roll Tobacco;
20 do do do Union Navy Tobacco.
ja8 A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer

BRICK HOUSE AND LOT IN SEVENTH WARD.—WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, January 10th, at 2 o'clock, will be sold on the premises in the Seventh ward, city of Pittsburgh, a TWO STORY BRICK HOUSE, on Linton street, adjoining the Public School House, having six rooms, hall and cellar, now renting at $25 per month. The lot is 22 feet front on Linton street, within one-half square of Centre avenue, and extending back 85 feet to Duncan street. Sale positive. Terms at sale. For further particulars enquire of P. McNAMEE, or
ja8 A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

CITY IMPROVED PROPERTY AT TRUSTEE'S SALE.—On FRIDAY AFTERNOON, January 12th, at 2 o'clock, on the premises, will be sold by order of Trustee, THREE BRICK HOUSES, Nos. 20, 22 and 24, on Cherry alley, between Second and Third streets. The lots are 15 feet front each and 66 feet in depth.
Terms, one-third cash, balance in one and two years.
de16:MEtd A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c.

McCALLUM'S CARPET STORE,

No. 87 Fourth Street.

Mosaic and Aixminster Rugs

VELVET RUGS,

Embroidered Piano Covers,

SHEEPSKIN MATS,

VELVET HASOCKS

ja9 And every description of Carpets.

REDUCTION IN PRICE OF CARPETS,

Preparatory to taking our Annual Inventory, and making our purchases for Spring, we shall offer for TWENTY DAYS, liberal concessions in prices from our choice and extensive stock of

Carpets, Floor Oil Cloths, Window Shades Damask, Rep and Lace Curtains, Cornices, Tassels, Loops and Bands.

Enabling our customers to make HOLIDAY PRESENTS of permanent value at a very moderate expense. McFARLAND & COLLINS,
de21 71 and 73 Fifth street, Next House to the Post Office.

FURS.

FURS! FURS! FURS!

LADIES, MISSES AND CHILDREES

FURS,

The Largest and Most Complete Assortment

Ever Offered in this Market,

AT

McCORD & CO'S,

ja1 No. 131 WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh.

DENTISTRY.

JOSEPH ADAMS, Dentist, Con- stantly's Building, corner of DIAMOND and GEIST streets, Pittsburgh. REFERENCES: Dr. A. M. Pollock, Dr. Hallock, Theodore Hoobler, Russell Errett.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

CHRISTMAS & NEW-YEAR PRESENTS.—An useful, valuable and delightfully acceptable present for Christmas would be a bottle of that fragrant Hair Dressing and Beautifier, BETHOUVEY'S TURKISH BANDOLENTAN. What can be more acceptable than anything that will beautify? that will restore nature's decay by stopping the hair from falling out, restoring its natural color, making it to grow in luxuriance and beauty, and by putting it up according to the present style and fashion and keep it in place? This *Bethouvey's Turkish Bandolentan Hair Tonic* will do, and for proof we refer you to any person who has tried it. It is acknowledged to be the beautifier of the age, the only Hair Dressing and Restorer worthy of the name. In Turkey, in France, in England, in America—everywhere where the "Bandolentan" is known—it is pronounced the *sine plus ultra* of Hair Preparations. Remember, it is free from all metallic poisons that are contained in most Hair Colors and dressings. It is the extract of many flowers and herbs, beautifully put up, an ornament to the toilet.
For sale by all Druggists and Perfumers, wholesale.
E. E. SELLERS & CO.,
WHOLESALE AGENTS FOR THE PACIFIC STOCK & CO.
Principal Depot for United States and Canadas,
JAMES PALMER & CO.,
No. 429 Market street,
Philadelphia.
de10:2meod&w7

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS Are the most perfect PURGATIVE which we are able to make, and which we think has been made by anybody. Their effects have abundantly shown to the community how much they excel the usual remedies in use. They are safe and pleasant to take, but powerful to cure. Their penetrating properties stimulate the vital activities of the body, remove the obstructions of its organs, purify the blood, and expel disease. They purge out the foul humors which breed and grow distemper, stimulate sluggish or disordered organs into their natural action, and impart a healthy tone with strength to the whole system. Hence they cure the every-day complaints of everybody, but also formidable and dangerous disorders. While they produce powerful effects, they are at the same time, in diminished doses, the safest and best physic that can be employed for children, for they are sugar-coated, as they are pleasant to take; and being purely vegetable, are free from any risk of harm. Cures have been made which border on the belief that they are occasionally the work of such exalted position and character as to forbid the suspicion of untruth. Many eminent clergymen and physicians have kindly contributed to certify to the public the reliability of our remedies; while others have sent us the assurance of their conviction, that our Preparations contribute immensely to the relief of our afflicted, suffering fellow-men. The Agent below named is supplied to furnish gratis our American Almanac, containing directions for their use, and certificates of their cures, of the following complaints, which they promptly relieve, viz: Dyspepsia, Constipation, Dropsy, Heartburn, Headache arising from foul stomach, Nausea, Indigestion, Morbid Inaction of the Bowels and Piles, Loss of Appetite, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite. All diseases which are require an evacuant purgative.
They also (purifying the blood and stimulating the system) cure many complaints which it would not be supposed they would reach, such as Deafness, Partial Blindness, Neuralgia and Nervous Irritability, Derangements of the Liver and Kidneys, Gout, and other kindred complaints arising from a low state of the body or obstruction of its functions.
Do not be put off by unprincipled dealers, with other preparations, who make more profit on. Demand AYER'S, and take no others. They will want the best and there is for them, and they should have it.

PITTSBURGH SAW WORKS.

HUBBARD, BRO. & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF

PATENT GROUND CIRCULARS,

Warranted CAST STEEL SAWS, of every description. Mill, Muley, Cross-Cut, Gang, and all other varieties.
All kinds of KNIVES and SPRINGS, made from Sheet Cast-steel; Extra Refined REAPER AND MOWING KNIVES, &c.
Warehouse and Works, corner WATER AND SHORT STREETS, Pittsburgh.
Particular attention paid to re-toothing, gumming and straightening Circular Saws; also, repairs of all kinds. Punching and Drilling done at reasonable rates.

WM. BARNHILL & CO.

Boiler Makers & Sheet Iron Workers.

Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26 Penn street.

Having secured a large yard, and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS, in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. CHIMNEYS, BREECHING, FIRE BEDS, STEAM PIPES, LOCOMOTIVE BOILERS, CONDENSERS, SMOKE STACKS, PROPELLER WHEEL AGITATORS, SETTLING PANS, BOILER IRON, BRIDGES, SHEET IRON, and sole manufacturers of BARNHILL'S PATENT BOILERS. Repairing done on the shortest notice. delsatf

LAKE SUPERIOR COPPER MILL AND SMELTING WORKS,

PITTSBURGH.

PARK, McCURDY & CO.

Manufacturers of SHEATHING, BRAZIERS' AND BOLT COPPER, PLANISHED COPPER BOTTOMS, RAISED STILL BOTTOMS, SPELTER SOLDER, &c. Also, importers and dealers in METALS, TIN PLATE, SHEET IRON WIRE, &c. Constantly on hand, TINNERS' MACHINES and TOOLS. Warehouse, No. 116 FIRST and 123 SECOND STREETS, Pittsburgh. Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. my23:lyd&w1

MANHOOD! HOW LOST— HOW RESTORED!—Just Published, in a sealed envelope, price six cents. A LECTURE ON THE NATURE, TREATMENT and RADICAL CURE of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility and Impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse, &c., by ROBERT J. CURTIS-WELL, M. D., authorof the "*Green Book*," &c. "A BOON TO THOUSANDS OF SUFFERERS," sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post paid, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, by Dr. C. J. CLINE, 127 Bowery, New York. Post Office Box, 4,586.

GEO. REITER.....W. D. BEELER.....J. F. HOLLMAN.

LA BELLE STEEL WORKS.

REITER & CO.

Manufacturers of CAST STEEL; SPRING, PLOW and BLISTER STEEL; SPRINGS, AXLES, CROWBARS, &c.
Office, No. 98 WATER STREET (up stairs), Pittsburgh, Pa. jy22

ROBINSON, REA & CO., (Successors to ROBINSON, MIMIS & MILLERS,)

WASHINGTON WORKS,

Founders & Machinists, Pittsburgh.

Manufacturers of BOAT AND STATIONERY STEAM ENGINES, BLAST ENGINES, MILL MACHINERY and SAWS of every description, CASTINGS of all descriptions, OIL TANKS and STILLS, BOILER AND SHEET IRON WORK.
Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR, for feeding boilers.

TO NERVOUS SUFFERERS, OF BOTH SEXES.—A reverend gentleman having been restored to health in a few days, after undergoing the usual routine and irregular expensive mode of treatment without success, considers it his sacred duty to communicate to his afflicted fellow creatures the means of cure. Hence, on the receipt of an addressed envelope, he will send, *free*, a copy of the prescription used.
Direct to Dr. JOHN M. DAGNALL, 186 Fulton street, N. Y. mh11:ly&w1.

JOHN COCHRAN & BRO., Manufacturers of IRON RAILING AND VAULT DOORS, IRON RAILING, WINDOW SHUTTERS, WINDOW GUARDS, &c., Nos. 91 SECOND and 92 FRONT STREET, between Wood and Market, have on hand a variety of new patterns, fancy and plain, suitable for all purposes.
Iron railing also made and put in enclosing Grave Lots. Jobbing done at short notice. au2

THE BRIDAL CHAMBER; OR, AN ESSAY OF WARNING AND INSTRUCTION FOR YOUNG MEN. Also, new and reliable treatment of the Urinary and Sexual Organs. Address Dr. J. SKILLES HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. ap6ly

SENT FREE.—A Pamphlet of importance to the old and young, married and single, of both sexes, will be sent free by addressing, with stamp enclosed, the Agents, A. KENDRICK & CO., Box 73, Boston Post Office. my20:1yd&w

PIANOS, ORGANS, &c.

GET THE BEST!

BRADBURY, NEW YORK, SCHOMACKER & CO., PHIL'A, JARDINE & SONS, BOARDMAN, GRAY, and CUMMINGS & JENNYS, N. Y.

PIANOS.

The Estey & Co.'s Cottage Organ,

AN AMERICAN ORGAN.

Pronounced by the best judges to be the most perfect instrument of this kind in the world.
Our Pianos have no superior as to power, purity and quality of tone, thorough workmanship, and durability.
The "American Organ" is fully equal to the best manufactured in the country.
The "Estey & Co.'s Cottage Organ" is a new era in the Cottage or Parlor Organs. By a patent arrangement of the reeds, and the addition of a patent manual sub-bass, a $200 two stop instrument has as much power as a $700 Church Organ. At the late Indiana State Fair, it excelled the first premium organ over a twelve-stop Organ, and all competitors, for power and beauty of tone.
Brass and German Silver Instruments, of every description, for Brass and Cornet Bands, at reduced prices. Satisfaction guaranteed.
Musical Goods, of every variety, constantly on hand, at the lowest cash prices.
Catalogues and circulars furnished on application

WAMELINK & BARR,

No. 12 St, Clair Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
de22

NOW BEING RECEIVED,

THAT ELEGANT STOCK OF

CHICKERING PIANOS,

Selected personally by the subscriber, during a recent visit to the Factory.

SEVENTEEN INSTRUMENTS

are now open, and ready for examination, and the public are invited to call and see them.

WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.

CHARLES C. MELLOR,

81 Wood Street.

PIANO AT A BARGAIN.—Splen- did Rosewood Seven Octave Piano, carved legs and pedal improved, from France, overstrung bass, in use only three months; cost $800; will be sold for $400. Also, one Six Octave Upright Rosewood Piano. Price $100. CHARLOTTE BLUME,
No. 42 FIFTH STREET,
ja9 Second door above Wood street.

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53 FIFTH STREET,

SOLE AGENTS FOR

Decker's Pianos.

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LADIES, SAVE YOUR MONEY.

By having your Old Table Ware

RE-PLATED WITH SILVER.
CASTORS, TEA SETS, WAITERS, FORKS, ICE PITCHERS, KNIVES, SPOONS, CAKE BASKETS, &c.
Can all be re-plated and made to LOOK AND WEAR EQUAL TO NEW AT A SMALL COST.

JOHN M. CORNWELL,
de13:MEtf No. 75 St. Clair Street.

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.
LESSEE AND MANAGER.....WM. HENDERSON.

Engagement for a limited number of nights of the great actress,

MATILDA HERON,

Who will appear in her great character of LADY EDITH, originally performed by her,
WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY EVENINGS will be presented the thrilling sensation play o EDITH; OR, THE EARL'S DAUGHTER. a dramatic expression by Matilda Heron by B. E. Wolfe, Esq., from the Novel of
EAST LYNNE.

Lady Edith.....Matilda Heron.
Supported by a powerful cast.

To conclude with
STATE SECRETS.
Gregory Thimblewell.....Mr. Harry Lewis.
FRIDAY, benefit of Matilda Heron.
In rehersal, a new sensation play.

OPERA HOUSE.
LESSEE AND MANAGERESS.....ANNA EBERLE.

Third night of the king of comic actors,

MR. FRANK DREW,

Who will appear to-night in his celebrated characters of MEZZEPPA and COUNT DE BUSSAC.
WEDNESDAY EVENING, the performance will commence with the comic 2 act drama, entitled
OUR WIFE; OR, ROSE OF AMIENS.
Dance.....Little Lizzie.
To conclude with the most successful extravaganza ever written, entitled
MAZEPPA; OR, THE UNTAMED ROCKING HORSE.
Richard III Saturday afternoon.

PITTSBURGH MUSEUM AND ZOOLOGICAL GARDEN, 61 FIFTH ST.

FOR A FEW DAYS ONLY,

THE LIVING ESQUELETO,

16 years old and weighs but 7 pounds,

ENGAGED AT AN IMMENSE EXPENSE.
The LIVING WILD ANIMALS and 10,000 CURIOSITIES, all for one price of admission.

EXHIBITION AND CONCERT.— The scholars of the ROSS STREET M. E. CHURCH will give a Concert and Exhibition on THIS EVENING and also on TO-MORROW EVENING at the CHURCH, corner of Fourth and Ross streets, at 7½ o'clock. The exercises will consist of Dialogues, Addresses, Music, vocal and in strumental, chiefly by the pupils of the school. ja10

LECTURES.

MERCANTILE LIBRARY LECTURES.

READINGS OF

GEORGE VANDENHOFF,

The Celebrated Dramatist and Author,

LAFAYETTE HALL,

Tuesday Evening, January 9th.

SUBJECTS:
Part I—Scenes from Shakspeare's comedy of the MERRY WIVES OF WINDSOR.
Part II—From Carlton's "TRAITS AND STORIES OF THE IRISH PEASANTRY," an entirely new Irish extravaganza entitled "PHELIN O' TOOLE'S COURTSHIP."

Thursday Evening, Jan. 11th.

SUBJECTS:
Part I—Scenes from the 3d and 4th acts of Shakspeare's tragedy of KING JOHN.
Part II—Scenes from Sheridan's comedy of the "SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL." Sir Peter and Lady Teazle.
Part III—From Dicken's Old Curiosity Shop, "DICK SWIVELLER AND THE MARCHIONESS."
Part IV—From Lever's Handy Andy, "FATHER PHIL AND HIS PARISHIONERS."
Doors open at 7 o'clock. Lecture commences at 7½ o'clock. Single tickets, 50c. No Reserved Seats.
THOMAS BAKEWELL, JR.,
W. EDWARDS,
O. McKINTOCK,
JAMES J. DONNELL,
C. L. CALDWELL,
R. A. ALBREE,
Lecture Committee.
ja5

FOUNDRIES.

THE FORT PITT FOUNDRY,

CHARLES KNAP NEPHEWS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

HEAVY ORDNANCE,

AND ALL KINDS OF HEAVY CASTINGS.
Particular attention paid to ROLLING MILL WORK, BLAST MACHINERY and RETORTS.
REPAIRS attended to promptly.
The best coke and pig metals will always be used at this Foundry. no2:lyd

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A. GARRISON & CO.

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Manufacturers of Chilled Rollers of all sizes, for Iron, Steel, Brass, Zinc, Copper, Silver, Gold, Straw Boards, Paper and India-Rubber Works; also, Rolling Mill Castings of all descriptions. Also, Millis Patent Double Grinder, with a variety of other patterns, always on hand. Steel Rollers of any size or pattern, finished and hardened. Orders solicited on favorable terms. Office and Warehouse, 119 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh. feb3ly

PENN *Machine Works and Foundry.* H. Wightman,

ENGINE BUILDER AND MACHINIST. Liecck Alley, between Liberty and Penn streets, Allegheny City, Pa. Manufacturer of Wightman's PATENT FLOATING OSCILLATING STEAM ENGINES, Shafting, Pulley, &c.
Repairing of all kinds attended to. ja1:ly

COOKING STOVES, *Parlor and Heating Stoves.*

Grates, Fronts, Fenders, &c.

Also, all kinds of HOLLOW WARE CASTINGS, at
No. 501 Liberty Street,
ALLEN, McKEE & CO.

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ÆTNA STOVE WORKS.

A. BRADLEY & CO.

Manufacture every variety of

COOK, PARLOR AND HEATING STOVES.

Among which are the celebrated EUREKA, TROPIC and TALISMAN (Coal Stoves); POMONA, VETERAN and IRONSIDES (Wood Cook stoves.) Also manufacture

GRATES, GRATE FRONTS, &c.

Office and Warehouse, corner of Second and Wood streets, Pittsburgh. Entrance on Second street. ja1:lyr

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JAMES BOWN,

MANUFACTURER OF

IMPROVED BORING TOOLS,

FOR SINKING OIL, SALT AND OTHER WELLS.

No. 136 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Tools warranted made of the very best SLOAN & LOW MOOR IRON.
Will borers furnished at

Lowest Cash Prices,

With such articles as are necessary to conduct operations, viz:

ANVILS,	HATCHETS,
BELLOWS,	SAWS,
VICES,	AUGERS,
SLEDGES,	CHISELS,
HAMMERS,	WRENCHES,
SHOVELS,	PLANES,
PICKS,	LEVELS,
AXES,	SAWS,

ROPE, LEATHER AND GUM BELTING.
All of which I have constantly in store. oc31:3md

PETROLIA MACHINE WORKS.

R. H. LECKY,

No. 32 Ohio Street, Allegheny.

Manufacturer of
IMPROVED BORING TOOLS, AND FIXTURES USED IN SINKING OIL AND SALT WELLS.

Particular attention invited to his Patented Improved Tubular Joints, made of Juniatta, U. S., and Low Moor iron, in standard sizes, and numbered, so that parts can be ordered by mail or telegraph, and fit at all times.
We also furnish ropes, belting, small tools, &c., to those who may wish it. Engines and machine work made to order. Orders promptly executed.
I am prepared to grant licenses to other manufacturers for these improvements on liberal terms. Box 17 Allegheny P. O.
de12:6mM&E R. H. LECKY.

SEVENTEEN INSTRUMENTS

are now open, and ready for examination, and the public are invited to call and see them.

WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.

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81 Wood Street.

PIANO AT A BARGAIN.—Splen- did Rosewood Seven Octave Piano, carved legs and pedal improved, from France, overstrung bass, in use only three months; cost $800; will be sold for $400. Also, one Six Octave Upright Rosewood Piano. Price $100. CHARLOTTE BLUME,
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CASTORS, TEA SETS, WAITERS, FORKS, ICE PITCHERS, KNIVES, SPOONS, CAKE BASKETS, &c.
Can all be re-plated and made to LOOK AND WEAR EQUAL TO NEW AT A SMALL COST.

JOHN M. CORNWELL,
de13:MEtf No. 75 St. Clair Street.

FOR SALE--FOR RENT.

FOR SALE.---A Farm of 141 acres and thirty-six perches, situate in Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, Penna. The improvements are a hewed log dwelling and frame barn, bank barn and other out buildings; a good orchard, apple and peach, in bearing order. The soil of the farm is underlaid with coal and limestone of the best quality; a fine stone quarry of 5 acres. It is very easy of access to the Monongahela river at the Ferry. This small farm I am authorized to sell at very low figures.
Also, A No. 1 stock and grain farm, containing 500 acres, situate in Cherry Hill Township, Indiana county, Pa., near the village of Greenville. The improvements are a two-story frame house; the largest and best barn in the county; fencing generally good; 350 acres cleared; the remainder well timbered. The land is good, large meadows which produce fine crops of hay. It is very convenient to churches, schools, mills, stores, &c., &c. This property will be sold very cheap and on easy terms.
Also, a farm of about 200 acres, situated in West Wheatfield Township, Indiana county, Penna. The improvements are a good, comfortable, two-story Frame House, with 6 rooms, a large frame barn, carriage house, good corn crib, wash house, bake oven and a two-story stone spring house; about 150 acres cleared and in timothy and clover; a good orchard of apple, peach, pear and quince trees. The fencing is generally good. The land is of a good quality, abundance of limestone found on it, and is convenient to coal. This property will be sold very cheap.
Also, a farm of about 120 acres adjoining the above. The improvements are a good Hewed Log House and a large frame barn; 175 acres cleared and under cultivation; a good orchard; a large two-story milk-house. These two farms united would make a first-rate Stock Farm, or will be sold separately.
Also, a Farm of 170 acres, situated in East Wheatfield township, Indiana county, Pa. The improvements are a large frame barn, 70 feet by 100 feet, log barn with a good shed all around; 50 acres cleared; two frame log dwellings; apple orchard. Very convenient to church, schools, stores, &c. A portion of the purchase money will be taken in well located land.
Also, a Farm of 188 acres in Elizabeth township, Allegheny county. The land is of the best quality; a very large portion of it is bottom land. This farm will be sold at a very reduced price. Possession given on the 1st day of April, 1866.
Also, the best farm in Jefferson township, Westmoreland county, Pa., containing 230 acres; about 2 mi

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 10, 1866.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

Pennsylvania Central Railroad.

Departs.		Arrives.	
Day Express	2:20 a m	Mail	1:50 a m
Altoona Accom'n	7:10 a m	Fast Line	2:40 a m
Cincinnati Exp's	8:30 a m	1st Wall Accom'n	6:25 a m
Mail	11:00 a m	1st Penn Accom	7:55 a m
Phil'a Express	3:55 p m	2d Wall Accom	8:50 a m
Johnstown Accom.	4:15 p m	Johnst'n Accom.	10:05 a m
Fast Line	10:00 p m	Phil'a Exp.	12:35 p m
2d Wall Accom.	6:30 a m	Baltimore Exp's	1:20 p m
" "	10:45 a m	2d Wall Accom	1:50 p m
" "	4:05 p m	Phil'a Express	2:05 p m
" "	10:30 p m	2d Penn Accom	6:25 p m
14		Mail	3:00 p m
		Allegheny Accom.	
		Emigt Train	01:50 p m

The Church train leaves Wall Station every Sunday at 9:05 a m.; returning, leaves Pittsburgh at 2:00 p. m.

Pittsburgh, Columbus and Cincinnati.

Departs.		Arrives.	
Fast Line	2:30 a m	Fast Line	8:20 a m
Mail	8:00 a m	Mail	3:35 p m
Express	12:30 p m	Express	12:30 a m
Steubenville Accommodation	4:00 p m	Steubenville Accommodation	10:10 a m

Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago.

Departs.		Arrives.	
Express	3:05 a m	Express	2:05 a m
Express	11:00 a m	Express	9:13 p m
Express	2:00 p m	Express	3:22 p m
Mail	7:15 a m	Mail	6:15 p m

Wheeling Express leaves Allegheny depot at 2 a. m., 11:00 a. m., 2:00 p. m.; Rochester, 7:15 p. m.; New Castle, 3:50 p. m.; Economy, 10:25 p. m.; Wellsville, 3:50 p. m.

Pittsburgh, Cleveland and Wheeling.

Departs.		Arrives.	
Express	2:25 a m	Express	3:58 p m
Express	11:00 a m	Express	9:13 p m
Mail	6:25 a m	Express	12:28 a m
Steubenville Accommodation		leaves Allegheny at 3:40 p. m.	

Pittsburgh and Connellsville.

Departs.		Arrives.	
Mail	7:45 a m	Mail	6:05 p m
Express	3:00 p m	Express	10:30 a m
24 McKeesport	11:30 a m	24 McKeesport	6:50 a m
24	6:15 a m	24	2:05 p m

Allegheny Valley Railroad.

Departs.		Arrives.	
Mail	6:45 a m	Mail	11:00 a m
Express	5:10 p m	Mail	9:10 a m
Accommodation	1:30 p m	Accommodation	9:00 a m

Pittsburgh and Erie Railroad, 90 Oil City and Franklin.

Arrives.		Departs.	
No. 40 Express	7:40 p m	No. 27 Express	6:23 a m
Via. Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago.			

Brownsville Boat—Grant and Water Sts.

Arrives.		Departs.	
150 tons	4:00 p m	300 tons	8:00 a m
			2:00 p m

Harmony Stage, St. Clair St.

Arrives.		Departs.	
8th p. m.		6th a. m.	

Butler Stage—No. 6 St. Clair Street.

Arrives.		Departs.	
10½ a. m.		10½ a. m.	
2½ p. m.		6:00 p. m.	

Washington Stage—Hare's Hotel

Arrives.		Departs.	
2½ p. m.		6:00 p. m.	

EXCELSIOR OMNIBUS & LIVERY STABLE,

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CITY AND SUBURBAN.

Meeting of City Councils.

A meeting of the Councils of the city of Pittsburgh was held last night. In Select Council—Present: Messrs. Armstrong, Barclay, Brown, Coffin, Coursin, Gallagher, Herdman, Leow, McClintock, McLaughlin, McMillen, Morrow, Normine, Rees, Shipton, Thompson, White, Wilson and McCauley, President.

The minutes of the preceding meeting were read and adopted.

IN COMMON COUNCIL.

Present: Messrs. Beck, Boggs, Brush, Diehl, Ford, Layng, Mawhinney, Moreland and McEwen.

McQuewan, McClelland, McGowan, O'Neill, Ogden, Patchell, Redman, Robb, Selbert, Simpson, Tomlinson, Torley, Weldon, Welsh and Wood, President.

The minutes of the preceding meeting were then read and adopted.

JOINT SESSION.

The Councils then went into joint session, for the purpose of receiving the different city officers. The following names were put in nomination, and elected by a unanimous vote:

Recording Regulator—Charles Reichspfarr.
City Assessor—Capt. Wm. Mays.
City Gauger—Joseph H. Nobbs.
Superintendent of Markets—Capt. S. Kilgore.
Clerk of Markets—M. P. Irwin.
Monongahela Wharfmaster—Jas. Kennedy.
Allegheny Wharfmaster—David Davis.
Salt Inspector—Jacob Fedder.
City Printers—*Gazette* and *Dispatch*, (English) *Post* and *Chronicle*, (German.)
City Job Printers—O'Neill & Anderson.
Street Commissioner—First District, John Hunter.
Street Commissioner—Second District, John Flinn.
Assessor of Water Rents—Robert King.
Superintendent of Water Works—Joseph Trimble.
Bark Measurer—John Pollock.
Board Measurer—First Ward, R. Walker; second Ward, Wm. Bell; third Ward, Samuel McClure; Fifth Ward, A. McClelland; Sixth Ward, James McMasters; Seventh Ward, Robert Donaldson; Eighth Ward, Wm. Wilson; Ninth Ward, Samuel Mitchell; Tenth Ward, Wm. A. McCausland; Third Ward, John Quinn.
Inspector of Ashes—J. McM. King.
Inspector of Lumber—Nathan Dyer.
Messenger to Committees—Capt. E. F. Pratt.

Upon the election of Capt. Pratt, that gentleman arose and made one of his characteristic speeches, of which the following is a report:

Mr. President and Gentlemen of Councils: Words do not adequately to express my heartfelt thanks for this additional evidence of the confidence you have reposed in me. I am now fairly domiciliated into all the best interests of Councils. No post up to a contracts nor powers, but the duties of this beautiful city of ours." The Captain resumed his seat amid thunders of applause.

SECONDARY SESSION.

Councils then adjourned, and immediately met in separate sessions.

SELECT COUNCIL.

The President presented a communication from the Controller, covering sundry petitions for the reduction of business tax. The communication was read and accepted, and the petition referred to the Finance Committee, with power to act.

The following resolution was then offered by Dr. Gallagher, which was read three times and passed:

Resolved, That a Sanitary Committee of ten from each Council, representing each ward, be appointed for 1866, whose duty shall consist in attending to the sanitary condition of the city, and such suggestions making as they deem judicious for preserving the health of the people, and co-operating with the Board of Health, provided such co-operation be without expense to the city.

The following gentlemen were appointed to act as the Committee:

Select Council—Messrs. Gallagher, Armstrong, Morrow, Barclay, Coursin, McClintock Brown, Leow, Wilson and Rees.

In Common Council—Messrs. Boggs, Ogden, Turley, Hall, Sanderson, McEwen, Wright, McClelland and Simpson.

S. C. adjourned.

IN COMMON COUNCIL.

Mr. O'Neill offered an ordinance relating to the Mayor of Pittsburgh, fixing the bond at $5,000.

An amendment was offered and seconded, making the amount $10,000.

After some debate, Mr. O'Neill accepted the amendment, and the ordinance was read three times and passed.

A resolution passed at a former meeting was amended fixing the amount in favor of judges of the several election districts at twenty-one dollars.

The Common Council then concurred in the action of Select Council in the matter of Councils, and the Councils adjourned to meet at Fricker's Dining Saloon at 9 o'clock where a supper was awaiting them.

Supreme Court.

Chief Justice Woodward and Justices Strong, Read and Agnew., At Philadelphia on Monday morning judgments were entered in the following cases:

John C. Campbell et. al. vs. Charles C. McLaw. Appeal from Court of Common Pleas of Indiana county. Opinion by Read, J. Decree affirmed at the cost of appellants.

Wm. A. Shryock et. al. vs. Christian Sater et. al. Error to Common Pleas of Allegheny county. Opinion by Read, J. Judgment affirmed.

Rhines vs. Ex. of Henry Raught. Error to C. P. of Jefferson county. Opinion by Woodward, J. Judgment reversed and a venire facias de novo awarded.

Wm. A. White, et. al. vs. Leeds, for use, &c. Error to Common Pleas of Indiana county. Opinion by Read, Justice. Judgment affirmed.

Edward C. Stewart vs. Wm. F. Thompson. Error to Common Pleas of Allegheny county. Opinion by Read, Justice. Judgment affirmed.

Ravistalo et. al. vs. Com. ex'rel. E. Simpson.—Error to Common Pleas of Allegheny county. Opinion by Read, Justice. Judgment affirmed.

Huffman vs. Hamilton.—Error to Common Pleas of Armstrong county. Opinion by Read, Justice. Judgment affirmed.

Barnett vs. Reed. Error to Common Pleas of Armstrong county. Opinion by Strong, Justice. Judgment affirmed.

Mellon vs. Guthrie—Error to Common Pleas of Forest Co. Opinion by Strong, Justice. Judgment affirmed.

McKnight et al vs. Kreutz—Error to District Court of Allegheny county. Opinion by Strong, Justice. Judgment reversed, and a venire de novo awarded.

Evans & Fuller vs. Watson et al. Error to Common Pleas of Jefferson county. Opinion by Strong, Justice. Judgment affirmed.

County of Allegheny and Pittsburgh Railroad Company vs. Cerriorari to Common Pleas of Allegheny county. Opinion by Woodward, Chief Justice. Judgment affirmed.

Kirkland vs. Thompson. Error to Common Pleas of Armstrong county. Opinion by Woodward, Chief Justice. Judgment affirmed.

The Phœnix Insurance Company vs. R. C. Cochran & Co. Error to District of Allegheny county. Opinion by Woodward, Chief Justice. Judgment affirmed.

In the matter of the road for George Bliss to Sandy Lick creek. Cert. to Quarter Sessions Jefferson county. Opinion by Woodward, Chief Justice. Proceedings set aside.

Scott vs. Scott. Error to C. P. of Erie county. Opinion by Woodward, Chief Justice. Judgment affirmed.

Hood & Co's Appeal and Jas. A. Logan's Appeal. From C. P. of Westmoreland county. Opinion of Judge Agnew. The proposition of the court below is reversed as to the Killer & Lawrence judgments, and the sum awarded to them making $1,789 34 are ordered to be paid to Hood & Co's judgment. This sum, added to that awarded to Hood & Co. by the auditor, gives the total sum of $7,539 84, which is decreed to be paid to them; and it is ordered that Martin O. Trustman, assignee of the Kefer judgment, and John Trustman, assignee of the Lawrence judgment, pay the costs of Hood & Co's appeal, and that James A. Logan pay the costs of his own appeal.

Brewer, Williams, Black et al. vs. John Fleming. Error to Common Pleas of Forest county. Opinion by Judge Agnew.

Allegheny City Elections.

The election for Mayor, Directors of the Poor, Councilmen and Ward officers, in Allegheny, was held yesterday.

THE VOTE FOR MAYOR.

There were two candidates for Mayor—Hon. John Morrison, the present encumbent, and the regular Republican nominee, and Prof. L. H. Eaton, who ran on the Temperance ticket. The following is the result:

	Morrison.	Eaton.
First ward	216	25
Second ward	287	123
Third ward, 1st Precinct	206	129
" " 2d Precinct	425	4
Fourth ward, 1st Precinct	206	80
" " 2d Precinct	181	6
Total	1,613	367

Morrison's majority, 1,246.

THE VOTE FOR DIRECTOR OF THE POOR.

There were two vacancies for Director of the Poor, and four candidates, Messrs. Jno. U. Barr (4 years) and Wm. Murdock, (2 years,) being the regular nominees; Mr. Thomas Smith being the Temperance candidate, and Mr. Wm. Chambers running in the Third ward. The following is the vote:

	Barr.	Murdock.	Smith.	Chambers.
1st Ward	205	218	16	—
2d Ward	343	387	81	—
3d Ward, 1st part	198	214	110	95
3d " 2d "	411	16	5	384
4th " 1st "	270	245	72	—
4th " 2d "	124	69	4	—
Totals	1,511	1,138	288	479

Messrs. Barr and Murdock are elected by handsome majorities.

The following is the result of the election for members of Council and Ward offices—those marked with an asterisk (*) being the successful candidates:

FIRST WARD.

Select Council.

*A. D. Smith, 3 yrs	227		
*S. Dilworth, 1 yr	197		

Common Council.

*Alex. Hanna	194	Edward Gregg	45
*Geo. S. Miller	194	M. O'Donnell	81
*Isaac A. Reed	211	C. Yeager	47
*Chas. Heaney	196		

School Directors.

*Robert White	197	Moses Boreland	105
*John B. Ingham	214	Isaac Reed	109

Judges of Election.

Wm. Robinson	94	*G. L. Braun	119
		Chas Willis	9

Inspectors.

*John Morrow	64	T. McCloskey	1
*James D. McGill	65	— Smith	9

Return Inspectors.

*W. Thompson	193	John Dyer, Jr	37
*James Hastings	168		

Assessor.

*Simeon Bulford	215	J. Siddons	3

Constable.

*Samuel Irvin	209	D. Gow	8

SECOND WARD.

Select Council.

*J. B. Smith, 3 years	376		
*Jas. McCarthy, 1 year	366	J. T. Stockdale	23

Common Council.

*Joseph McDonald	329	James Morgan	24
*John Cunningham	272	Wm. McGinnis	24
*John K. Brown	297	Lucius Osgood	65
*Geo. D. Riddle	325	A. Milliken	64

School Directors.

*Robert Lea	374		
*S. H. Nesbit	364	J. T. Stockdale	34

Assessor.

*John Sterrett	386		

Assistant Assessors.

Mr. Murdoch	85		
*Geo. Bothwell	77		

Judge of Elections.

*Geo. S. Riddle	349		

Inspectors.

*C. Speidel	372	Jacob Stuckrath	30
*J. M. Carr	366	Edward O'Neill	22

Constable.

*James Campbell	254		

THIRD WARD.

Select Council.

	1st Pct	2d Pct	Total.
*C. C. Smith, 3 years	172	391	563
*John Hackenstien, 1 yr	117	384	501
A. H. English	215	32	247
James Thorn	214	14	128

Common Council.

*James H. Campbell	187	406	593
*John Meyer	181	374	555
Jacob Heckadorn	189	350	539
Fred. Tuchfarber	214	25	239
*Wm. Miller	104	372	476
Benjamin Heckert	115	5	120
Isaac Charles	117	4	121
Robert Bell	110	5	115

Aldermen.

*I. R. Lindsey	183	421	604
S. W. McGinnis	122	5	127

School Directors.

James Brown	214	43	257
*Wm. Torrence	126	372	498
*Charles Easley	95	368	463
*Fred. Becker	94	381	475

Assessor.

R. R. Ray	208	37	245
*Joseph Zinkard	97	379	476

Judges of Election.

*A. C. Alexander	95		
C. C. Boyle	80		
C. P. Whiston	8		
*Philip Smith	118		
Henry Gerwig	5		

Inspectors.

*S. W. McGinnis	120		
*R. R. Ray	92		
Henry Charles	8		
*Joseph Zinkard	117		
*L. Shaffer	117		

Return Inspectors.

*A. Hobson	89		
*D. Heastings	75		
B. Meteery	7		
E. Beverly	7		

Constable.

*Peter Bolster	178	407	585
T. S. Williams	123	5	128

FOURTH WARD.

Select Council.

	1st Pct.	2d Pct.	Total.
*Wm. Smith, three years	342	52	394
*J. C. Patterson, two years	343	52	395

Common Council.

*Hugh McNeal	344	41	385
*John McGraw	347	42	389
*E. F. A. Falhauber	277	161	438
*Leonard Walter	279	171	450
J. P. Rowe	72	4	76
J. D. Johnston	72	4	76

School Directors.

*R. B. Francis, three years	279	172	451
R. Kellock, three years	347	47	394
*Thos. McCance, two years	349	46	395
A. K. Bell	72	3	75

Assessor.

*James Graham	333	58	391

Judge of Election.

Benj. Kennedy	337		337
*W. W. Aufferlide	143		143
Wm. Brown	4		4

Inspectors.

*John L. Dawes	152		152
*H. P. Reynolds	166		166

Return Inspectors.

*William A. May	62		62
*A. S. Hunter	62		62
John Kevers	24		24
*H. Hasmeyer	14		14
Martin Ley	7		7

Constable.

*Wm. Hobson	171	147	318
S. P. Bennett	197	23	220

Episodes.

During the first and last meeting of councils, there are always more or less incidents occurring to vary the general monotony of business, and the meeting last night was not an exception. The first one which we shall refer, was not of so pleasant a nature as the newly elected members could have wished. Armed with a formidable package of documents, and seconded by an officer of the court, the United States Marshal for the Western District of Pennsylvania, in the name and by the authority of the President of the United States, served a writ of mandamus upon each individual member of both branches of councils, to compel them to pay over the taxes to be paid out of any unappropriated moneys in the treasury, judgments amounting to about $16,000.

The second episode, which was of a far more agreeable nature, was the introduction to Councils by President McAuley, of Mr. John F. Hunter, the newly elected Street Commissioner for the first district. Mr. Hunter was introduced with a few very complimentary remarks by the President, who stated that he had been a soldier during the war, and had lost an arm in the service. He stated that he could not introduce him personally to all the members, but took that opportunity of giving a general introduction, as he would be called upon by most of the members in the way of business.

Another incident was the election of Captain Pratt as messenger for committees. His speech on the occasion is reported in full in the proceedings of Councils.

The Sanitary Committee.

At the meeting of Councils last night, in introducing the resolution appointing the Sanitary Committee, President Steel remarked, that after consulting with his colleague, the President of the Select Council, and Dr. Gallagher, member of the Select branch, they thought it advisable, owing to the anxiety pervading the public mind in respect to the approach of the cholera, to appoint a standing committee of two from each ward, composed of equal numbers from each Council, to be called the Sanitary Committee for 1866, whose duty it should be to carefully examine into the sanitary condition of the city, for the preservation of the health of the people, and to make such suggestions to the Councils from time to time as they deemed judicious, and to co-operate with the Board of health, provided it was deemed necessary.

With this view, they presented the resolution to the members of Councils, in joint session, to ascertain whether it would meet with their approval, in which event they would appoint such a Committee.

Mr. McAuley then took the expression of Councils, which last motion met with their unanimous approval.

No Lecture Last Evening.

Owing to the failure of the New York train to make the connection at Harrisburgh, Mr. Vandenhoff did not reach the city yesterday in time to give his first reading before the Library Association last evening. We understand to-day Mr. Vandenhoff arrived by the early train this morning, and will read before the Association in Lafayette Hall to-morrow evening, when he will carry out the programme announced for Tuesday evening.

Public lecturers should be more careful in making their arrangements so as to be able to fulfill their engagements. Their failure to do so puts both associations and the public to great inconvenience. It is pure avarice in most cases that causes disappointment. Lecturers are desirous of delivering as many lectures as possible, and depend upon the last train, thus causing much confusion. The committee are in no way to blame for the failure. It is as mortifying to them as to the public.

Amusements.

THEATRE.—Miss Heron played Camille to another fashionable house last night, and although the audience was pretty large, and the piece presented with Miss Heron's accustomed vigor, yet there is an apparent dying away of interest in this play. Nearly every one has seen it, and care not to witness its repetition. To-night she appears as Edith, or the Earl's Daughter, a thrilling sensation play, dramatized from the novel of East Lynne, by E. Wolf, Esq. The afterpiece is State Secrets, in which Mr. Harry Lewis appears as Gregory Thimblewell.

OPERA HOUSE.—We knew it! We said that Frank Drew's success the first night, was but the forerunner of success during his entire engagement, and it looks very much like as though our prediction was coming to pass. He had another large house last night, and the shouts of delight which welcomed him, showed that he was thoroughly appreciated, and that he was entitled to his soubriquet, the King of Comedy." To-night he appears in the comic drama of "Our Wife; or the Rose or Amiens," concluding with an extravaganza founded upon a rather celebrated poem, and a great deal on an equestrian drama, entitled "Mazeppa; or the Untamed Rocking Horse." This travesty bould to be superior to anything of its kind ever placed upon the stage.

Supper to the Councilmen.

The successful candidates for city offices, in accordance with a time-honored custom, treated the members of councils to a supper last evening, which came off after the joint session adjourned. The supper was gotten up by Col. Joseph Fricker, at his popular dining rooms, on Fifth street. The tables were most bountifully supplied, and the Colonel did himself unusual credit by the admirable manner in which the "feast of good things" was served.

FROM YESTERDAY'S EVENING GAZETTE.

Criminal Court.

Before Judges Mellon and Brown.

TUESDAY, Jan. 9.—The following cases were disposed of:

In the case of Eliza Heth Hilton, indicted for perjury, on oath of Ann Johnston, the jury found a verdict of "not guilty, each party to pay one-half the costs."

Thomas Magee, indicted for assault and battery, on oath of Cornelius Burns, was found guilty, and sentenced to pay a fine of six-and-a-fourth cents and the costs. The defendant Magee, had been absent from the city, and meeting for the first time, after his return, the prosecutor, Burns, he was accused and since prosecutor, Burns, he was accused and since convicted) of an attempt to ravish his Magee's sister, attacked him, striking him with a brick, and he ran pursued him. W. C. Moreland, Esq., was counsel for the defendant, and J. C. McCarthy, Esq., for prosecution. The mild sentence of the court was doubtless owing to the great provocation the defendant had, and so far did this feeling prevail that the case was submitted by counsel without adgument.

Joseph Bigsh and David Sisler, indicted for assault and battery, were acquited, and the prosecutor, Samuel Naylor, ordered to to pay the costs. The parties reside at Mc-Keesport.

John Hartman, indicted, on oath of Thomas D. Cocklin, for the larceny of two sheep, was acquitted, the prosecutor, a resident of Lawrenceville, not appearing.

Hugh McGinn, in the employ of Wm. McCully & Co., indicted for the larceny of a gold watch, valued at $225, from Joseph Orr, was acquitted. He was tried at a previous term and found guilty, but the court were so well satisfied at the time that the evidence did not justify a conviction that a motion for a new trial was at once granted. A difficulty occurred between the parties, in the Ninth ward, Orr's "coopperhead" proclivities, indirectly manifested, exciting the ire of McGinn, he "went in" on his "muscle." During the skirmish the watch was alleged to have been stolen.

Robert Coward, accused by John McClaren of larceny, was acquitted.

A. B. Rudolph and George Soles, indicted for forcibly and maliciously entering on the latter's farm, in Ross township, in the month of June, 1864, were found not guilty, and the prosecutor, John Wampler, ordered to pay the costs. The parties reside in Shaw's Landing, and the prosecutor is the wife of the present school directors of the borough and the contractors for the erection of a new school-house—the latter refusing to proceed with the subsidence of the foundation of the building, as far as it had been finished, until their alleged dues were paid. The matter, however, has been amicably settled, and it was unnecessary to dispose of the case in order to close up the *remanets* of the retiring prosecuting officer.

John Mostit, *et al.*, indicted for nuisance, in carrying on slaughtering in the Fourth ward, was acquitted, and the prosecutor, J. K. Hamilton, ordered to pay the costs.

Barney Schwig, proprietor of the Franklin Billiard Saloon, on Fifth street, was arraigned upon an indictment for selling liquor without license. It appeared that his license expired on the 27th of September, but he did not apply the commencement of the October term—as was "returned" by the ward constable, Mr. John Barry. The bar-keeper of the saloon testified that the sale of liquor was discontinued on the 27th of September. Jury out.

William Gurley, Patrick Hagan and John Leonard, (in jail under sentence for aggravated assault and battery,) indicted for malicious mischief, were found not guilty, but ordered to pay the costs.

Court took a recess until two o'clock.

Bank Elections.

The several Banks of this city to-day held their annual elections for Directors, excepting the Farmers' Deposit National Bank, which elected yesterday. Below we give the result from all the Banks:

Fourth National Bank.—Thomas Donnelly Thomas Smith, R. H. Klein, Alfred Smith, James M. Bailey, John F. Herron, N. J. Bigley John M. Kirkpatrick, John C. Couch.

Union National Bank of Pittsburgh.—J. R. McCune, Jos. Kirkpatrick, Harold M. Brush, Joseph Horne, John Marshall, John Wilson, C. Barchfield, James Rees, Wm. Stevenson.

Mechanics' National Bank.—Wm. B. Hodge, Chas L. Caldwell, Henry Hays, Alexander Gordon, William Carr, John Holmes, John Orr, A. E. Howard, Campbell B. Herron, Edward House, B. S. McKee, Vesner, Phillip Dewalt, Jr., Smith.

People's National Bank of Pittsburgh.—Samuel Rea, Benj. F. Jones, Byron H. Painter, Geo. W. Hallman, Harvey Proctor, John Scott, Charles George Black, Jas. J. Bennett, Thos. S. Clarke, David Richey, Richard C. Gray.

Exchange National Bank of Pittsburgh.—James M. Murrin, Alexander Nimick, Robert H. Shoenberger, Harvey Childs, John D. McCord, John B. Canfield, Mark W. Watson, John Sampson, Thomas Bell, Wm. Hogg, Hugh McCandless, Chas Chambers, Benjamin Bakewell, jr., Thomas J. Hoskinson.

Allegheny National Bank.—Wm. Bagaley, C. C. Hussey, Jonathan Shallcross, Reuben Shades R. T. Leech, Reese Owens, J. T. Wood, D. R. Galway, J. W. Cook.

First National Bank of Pittsburgh.—James Laughlin, Thomas Wightman, Wm. K. Nimick, Francis G. Bailey, Robert S. Hays, John H. Ralston, Alex. Speer, Wm. H. Ewing, John Wilson.

Citizens' National Bank.—Geo. A. Berry, Jno S. Dilworth, Geo. S. Head, B. L. Fahnestock, Frank Rahm, Alex. Reynolds, Geo. B. Jones Robert Hamilton, Wm. A. Stone.

Pittsburgh National Bank of Commerce.—Alfred Patterson, William Reed, William S. Haven, Hamilton Lockhart, James McCandless, William H. Brown, Allen Kirkpatrick, William Douglass.

Merchants and Manufacturers National Bank.—Henry L. Bollman, Benj. Rush. Bradford, Wilson Cunningham, E. M. Fulton, R. H. Hartley, Henry Lloyd, Wm. Rea, R. B. Sterling, J. P. Tanner.

Tradesmens' National Bank of Pittsburgh.—Alexander Bradley, Wm. M. Faber, Wm. F. McKee, David E. Park, C. F. Cuiver, Wm. Vaux-Kirk, Samuel M. Kier, John Moorhead, S. B. McCormick.

Iron City National Bank of Pittsburgh.—James M'Auley, Jacob L. Schwartz, John Watt, William Frew, Andrew D. Smith, David Hostetter, Henry Irwin, Robert Hamilton, Wm. Phillips, Charles Clarke, Daniel Euwer, Richard Hays, James Herdman, William Phillips.

First National Bank.—William E. Schmertz, August Hartje, Samuel H. Hartman, Bateman Goe, Louis Morgenstern, Henry W. Oliver, jr., James S. McCord, R. Honegger, Charles Meyeran.

German National Bank.—Augustus Hoveler, Springer Harbaugh, Adolphus Groetzinger, Joseph Keeling, Adam Wiese, Thomas Dickey, Wm. Haslage, Joseph Lang, Anthony Meyer.

Pittsburgh Savings Bank.—W. J. Kountz, J. T. Steckdale, And. Jackson, Wm. Robinson, Jonathan Hands, John Birmingham, Henry Metzger, B. S. Ward, C. L. H. Gilmore.

Death of Francis C. Flanegin, Esq.

Elsewhere will be found the announcement of the death of Francis C. Flanegin, Esq., one of the oldest citizens of the county, and a well-known and talented member of the bar. Mr. Flanegin was a native of Chester county, in this State, but has resided in Allegheny county for a period of sixty years. He held the office of Justice of the Peace, in Elizabeth township, for a number of years, and was admitted to the bar about the year 1840. He was the first Prothonotary elected in the county, and served during the years of 1849-50 and '51—the office previous to that time being filled by appointment. He was also a candidate for State Senate, but was beaten by his opponent, the late Judge Wilkins. He was an able lawyer, and always conducted his cases with that earnestness which involved a love for the profession in which he was engaged. He was widely known throughout the county, and his death will be sincerely regretted by a large circle of friends and acquaintances. His funeral will take place on Wednesday afternoon, from the residence of his son-in-law, Capt. E. S. Wright.

The Wood street Burglary—Recovery of a Portion of the Plunder.

On Wednesday night last, as we have already noticed, the last and fine store of Mr. Wm. Douglas, Wood street, was burglariously entered and robbed of several hundred dollars worth of goods. The police searched several suspected places, and came to the conclusion that the goods had been shipped somewhere from the city. Early yesterday morning notified the police of the principal cities to be on the look-out for property of the description mentioned, and to-day he received a telegram from Mr. Rudlin, chief of police of Cincinnati, notifying him of the arrest of one Herman, who had in his possession a large box of victorines, and many other furs, which are supposed to be a part of those stolen. Officer Long left to-day for Cincinnati, taking with him one of Mr. Douglas' clerks, for the purpose of having the property identified. It is supposed that Herman will turn out to be a party who has been suspected of the robbery, and who has not been seen here since, but who, on being arrested, assumed a name for the occasion.

Railroad Elections.

The New Castle and Beaver Railroad Company held its annual Election for Directors yesterday (Jan. 8,) and the following board was chosen:

A. L. Crawford, G. W. Cass, Wm. Harbaugh, W. L. Scott, R. W. Cunningham, J. M. Crawford, Wm. Patterson.

The Lawrence Railroad (extending from New-Castle to Youngstown, Ohio), elected the following board:

J. M. Crawford, G. W. Cass, Wm. McCreery, Wm. Harbaugh, Kent Jarrie, John Larwell.

[Bitten by a Nymph.

On Monday night, about seven and a half o'clock, Hannah Snare and "Bell" Kelly, two characters of the "baser sort," entered the Allegheny Mayor's office very drunk. They commenced acting in a very disorderly manner, when officers Campbell and Nixon seized hold of the former, and attempted to take her to the tombs for the night, whereupon she resisted, and seizing Campbell's hand, placed it between her teeth and bit a piece out. After a severe struggle, she was conducted below, and locked up for the night. While the officers were contending with Hannah, her companion "Bell" ran down stairs and made her exit through a side door. She was observed by officer Frank Campbell, of the night-watch, who pursued and captured her. She was locked up also, and the parties, upon a hearing, were this morning discharged, after being severely reprimanded by Mayor Morrison, and informed that their next offense would be punishable by a thirty days' imprisonment.

Another Charge Against the Dunkard Creek Union Oil Company.

Several suits have already been instituted against the officers of Dunkard Creek Union Oil Company, by the stockholders, alleging fraud in the sale of the stock. To-day another suit of this character was instituted by James L. McPeeters, of Elizabeth township, who charges Samuel Graham, as President of said Company, with having falsely and fraudulently represented that he had a free simple in three hundred and fifty acres of land on Dunkard creek, in Greene county, which land was possessed of coal, oil, iron ore, and other valuable minerals, and that the company of which he was the President was then boring for oil on said land—by means of which false representations the prosecutor was induced to purchase three hundred dollars worth of the stock of said company. A warrant was issued in this case, and Mr. Graham gave bail to answer at Court, he alleging that he can prove a satisfactory defense when the proper time comes.

Alleged Malicious Mischief.

On Monday night, David Woods, Joseph Brunson, James Smith, Thaddeus Wright and James Stewart, residents of the First ward, Allegheny, were arraigned before Mayor Morrison, upon a charge of malicious mischief, preferred by Mrs. Gormly, residing on Corry street, near "Smoky Island." The offense, as alleged in the information, consisted in the defendants removing an out-house, on New Year's morning about one o'clock, to a very inconvenient locality. Upon a hearing Woods and Brunson were discharged, and the other parties held for a further hearing on Wednesday evening, when the matter will be finally adjudicated. Woods and Brunson were in the neighborhood at the time, but there is no evidence whatever indicating that they had anything to do with the transaction complained of.

Nearly Frozen.

—Deitrich, the man whose family deserted him—as noticed in a recent number of the *Gazette*—was found nearly frozen, in an alley leading to his boarding house, in the Fourth ward, Allegheny. He was taken into the house, and now he came in the condition in which he was found is unknown.

Heavy Larceny at Blairsville—$11,400 Stolen.

—On Thursday night, the 4th inst., the office of Wm. Earhart, of Blairsville, Pa., was entered and the safe robbed of $11,400. The money consisted of $7,000 in United States five-twenties, $4,000 in seven-thirties, and $400 in greenbacks. A thousand dollars reward has been offered for the arrest of the thief and the recovery of the money.

Smooth Bores.

—There are a number of "smooth bores" at the polls in Allegheny to-day. Voters are generally adhering to the regular ticket, save for minor offices in the Third and Fourth Wards.

"Beadle's Monthly,"

for February, 1866, is already out ahead of all the others and almost ahead of time. For sale by W. A. Gildenfenney, No. 45 Fifth street.

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